



Efficient Filtering of XML
Documents for Selective
Dissemination of Information

Mehmet Altinel, Michael J. Franklin

Discussion Presented by
Yutao Guo

University of Waterloo



Outline

- ❖ Overview of the contribution by this paper and novel features of the XFilter system
- ❖ Problems with the algorithms of the XFilter system
- ❖ System overall evaluation
- ❖ Presentation of this paper
- ❖ General comments about the paper

Overview of the contribution by this paper and novel features of the XFilter system

- ❖ Goal of SDI systems
- ❖ Key insight to building efficient and scalable SDI systems
- ❖ Choosing of XML and XPath
- ❖ Sophisticated index structure and matching algorithms based on a modified FSM

Problems with the algorithms of the XFilter system

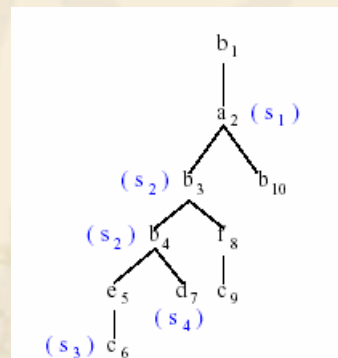
- ❖ Only supports unordered XML data, but not ordered data.

---For example, to query the document tree D (in the right figure):

T1=//a//b[*]/c]/d,

T2=//a//b/*[following-sibling::d]/c

---Conclusion: unable to tell the difference between the matched documents in their structures



Problems with the algorithms of the XFilter system (cont'd)

- ❖ Index on each single element name using a hash table structure.
 - space cost on the hash table.
 - keeping track of all instances of partially matched tree patterns before the end of a FSM.
- ❖ Dissemination mechanism: simple unicast delivery and entire document sending to each interested user.
 - a bottleneck of the whole system?

System overall evaluation

- ❖ Precision
 - Importance of precision evaluation for any filtering system
 - No precision evaluation addressed in this paper
 - Problem of effectiveness in expressing user profile
- ❖ Efficiency
 - drawbacks in the indexing mechanism make XFilter require further efforts to enhance efficiency
 - XFilter's attempts (i.e., list balancing, pre-filtering) are not significantly helpful
 - How's the system efficiency when also considering boolean combinations of XPath queries?

System overall evaluation (cont'd)

❖ Scalability

---not very scalable while documents' volume, length and tree depth scale up

---not scalable if queries contain very complicated expressions.

e.g., deeply nested path expressions

❖ Adaptability

---cannot handle non-XML-encoded documents

---unalterable SAX interface

---XFilter only performs the batch filtering task, not powerful enough to be an adaptive filtering system

Presentation of this paper

❖ Points that are not clearly addressed by this paper:

---Effectiveness of user interests in other SDI systems

---Why choose XPath rather than UnQ2, Lorel and XML-QL?

---Any experimental results based on comparison between XFilter and other filtering systems?

General comments about the paper

- ❖ pay attention to precision evaluation
- ❖ More efforts on better index structure for reducing time and space costs
---e.g., index based on decomposing tree patterns into collections of substrings
- ❖ Judge the relevance of the retrieved document, and learn a better profile from on-line feedback
- ❖ Attempts on broadcast delivery and partial sending of the documents

Open time for discussion...