DATABASE VIEWS

CHAPTER 5 (6/E)
CHAPTER 8 (5/E)
LECTURE OUTLINE

- Database views provide convenient usage
  - Virtual view realized when query uses that view
- Materialized views allow efficient re-use
  - Must be recalculated or updated when base tables change
VIEWS FOR CUSTOMIZATION

- Consider database(s) describing university’s activities
  - Academic institution
    - Students, professors, classes
    - Grades, transcripts
    - Admissions, convocations
    - Alumni
  - Corporate institution
    - Finances, human resources
    - Board of Governors
    - Capital assets
  - Charitable institution
    - Donors, fundraising activities
  - Research institution
    - Granting agencies, industrial/non-profits/academic partners
    - Grants and contracts, intellectual property, licensing

- Each user group provided appropriate “subset” of the data
  - e.g., some financial/scheduling info relevant to most groups; other info confidential
  - Underlying data *shared, not silo’d.*

- Updates must be seen by all affected users.
VIEWS (VIRTUAL TABLES)

- Consider again the query
  
  ```sql
  SELECT title, year, genre
  FROM Film
  WHERE director = 'Steven Spielberg' AND year > 1990;
  ```

  - Returns all matching films currently in the database
  - If re-run after updates, will give revised table of matches

- A **view** is an *unexecuted query* that can be run on demand.
  
  - Single table derived from other table(s)
  - A virtual table
USING VIEWS IN SQL

- **CREATE VIEW** command
  - View name and a query to specify the contents of the view

```sql
CREATE VIEW Big_Earners AS
    SELECT E.Ssn AS Ssn, E.Lname AS Name, E.Salary AS Salary, M.Lname AS Manager
    FROM EMPLOYEE E, EMPLOYEE M
    WHERE E.Super_ssn = M.Ssn and E.Salary > M.Salary;
```

- Queries can use view as if it were a base table.

```sql
SELECT *
FROM Big_Earners
WHERE Salary < 100000;
```

- View always up-to-date
  - (Re-)evaluated whenever a query uses the view
  - Keeping it up-to-date is responsibility of the DBMS and not the user

- **DROP VIEW** command
  - Dispose of a view
UPDATING A VIEW

- What if an update is applied to a view as if it were a base table?

```
CREATE VIEW Big_Earners AS
    SELECT E.Ssn AS Ssn, E.Lname AS Name,
    E.Salary AS Salary, M.Lname AS Manager
    FROM EMPLOYEE E, EMPLOYEE M
    WHERE E.Super_ssn = M.Ssn and E.Salary > M.Salary;
```

```
UPDATE Big_Earners
SET Salary = 100000
WHERE Name = 'Smith';
```

- Change corresponding tuple(s) in base table(s)
- Tuple might disappear from view!
  - **WITH CHECK OPTION** clause at end of view definition ensures new and updated tuples match view definition (else error)
- Deleting tuple from view might require update to base table instead of deletion from base table
  - e.g., deletion from CS338 view ≠ deletion from UW database?
- Not all views are updateable.
  - What if **Salary** defined as sum of two base attributes or as aggregate such as **SUM** or **AVG**?
  - What if **Big_Earners** defined as a **UNION** of two tables?
MATERIALIZED VIEWS

- If the base tables don’t change, neither does the view instance.
  - Re-executing view definition each time view is used is wasteful if base data has not been updated.

- **Solution:** view materialization
  - Create a temporary view table when the view is first queried
  - Keep view table on the assumption that more queries using the view will follow
  - Use *materialized view* (if it exists) to answer future query
  - Requires efficient strategy for *automatically updating view table* when the base tables are updated

  Options when any base table is updated:
  1. Delete the materialized view
  2. Rematerialize the view
  3. Incrementally update the view
    - DBMS determines what new tuples must be inserted, deleted, or modified in materialized view
LECTURE SUMMARY

- Views are virtual or derived tables.
- Can be used for any query wherever base table can appear.
- May or may not be updatable.
  - Unions, joins, and (aggregate) functions are problematic.
- Materialized views used to save query time.
  - Must be kept up-to-date if base table(s) updated.