Hierarchical POMDPs

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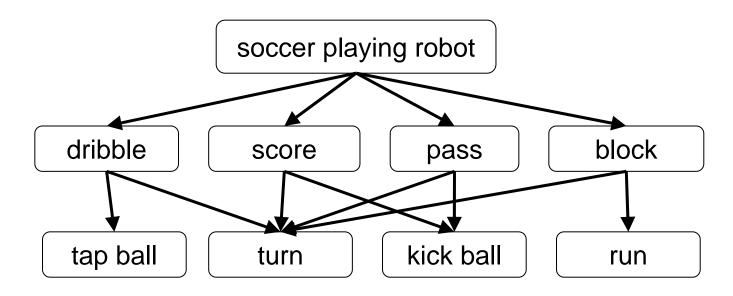
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Outline

- What is a hierarchy?
- Action hierarchies
 - Policy contingent abstractions
 - Hierarchical controllers
 - Recursive controllers
 - Hierarchy discovery
- State hierarchies
 - Temporal & Spatial abstraction
 - Hierarchical HMMs
 - HPOMDPs

What is a hierarchy?

 Idea: task/process decomposed into subtasks/subprocesses arranged hierarchically



- Robot control: action hierarchy
- Behaviour recognition: state hierarchy

Why hierarchies?

- Temporal abstraction
 - Abstract actions: sequence of actions
- Spatial abstraction
 - Abstract states: aggregation of states
- Sub-policy/process reuse

More intuitive representation

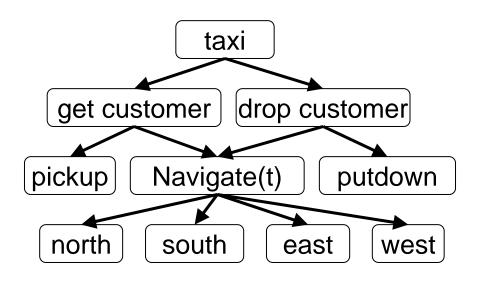
Improved efficiency

Action Hierarchies in RL

- Augment actions with options aka macro actions
 - − Policy π : S x A → [0,1]
 - Termination condition $\beta: S \rightarrow [0,1]$
 - Input set I ⊆ S (pre-condition)
- Semi-Markov decision process
 - $-V^*(s) = \max_a R(s,a) + \sum_{s'} \gamma^t Pr(s',t|s,a) V^*(s')$
- Benefit: learn faster (less exploration)
 - Assuming the options/macro actions are good
 - Exploit temporal abstraction

Action Hierarchies in MDPs

- No learning... but can we speed up computation?
 - Yes: exploit state abstraction
- Design hierarchy of tasks



Task h:

- Subset of actions (leaves of subtree)
- local reward function R_h(s,a) (optional)
- termination condition $\beta_h: S \rightarrow [0,1]$ (optional)

Action Hierarchies in MDPs

- Policy optimization
 - − Full optimality: $V^*(s) \ge V^{\pi}(s) \quad \forall \pi$
 - Hierarchical optimality: $V^*(s) \ge V^{\pi}(s) \ \forall$ hierarchical π
 - Recursive optimality: $V^*(s) \ge V^{\pi}(s) \ \forall$ recursively built π
- Most common: aim for recursive optimality
 - Optimize sub-policies, bottom up
- Advantages:
 - Simple: solve sequence of small MDPs
 - State abstraction: policy-contingent abstraction (PolCA, Pineau et al.)

State Abstraction

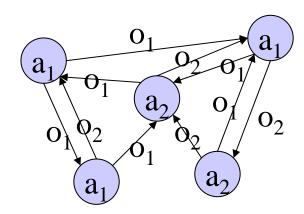
- Idea: some state features may not be necessary
- PolCA (Pineau et al.)
- Aggregate equivalent states (Dean & Givan 97)
 - $-s_1, s_2 \in C_i$ (cluster) iff
 - $R(s_1,a) = R(s_2,a) \ \forall a$
 - $\Sigma_{s' \in C} \Pr(s'|s_1,a) = \Sigma_{s' \in C} \Pr(s'|s_2,a) \forall a,C$
- Could also use algebraic decision diagrams (ADDs)

Action Hierarchies in POMDPs

- PolCA+ (Pineau et al.)
- Hierarchy of subtasks where each task:
 - subset of actions
 - local reward function
 - no termination condition (states are not observable)
- State abstraction (policy contingent abstraction)
 - $-s_1, s_2 \in C_i$ (cluster) iff
 - $R(s_1,a) = R(s_2,a) \ \forall a$
 - $\Sigma_{s' \in C} \Pr(s'|s_1,a) \Pr(o|a,s') = \Sigma_{s' \in C} \Pr(s'|s_2,a) \Pr(o|a,s') \forall a,o,C$
 - Could also use ADDs

Hierarchical Controllers

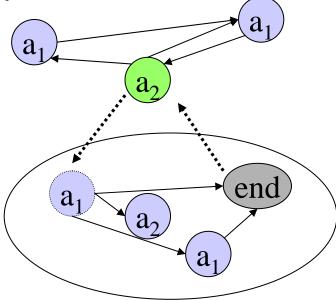
- Alternative policy representation: controllers
 - Action mapping: α : N \rightarrow A or Pr(a|n)
 - Next node mapping: σ : N x O \rightarrow N or Pr(n'|a,n)



- Can we use hierarchies with controllers?
 - Yes: Hansen and Zhou, 2003

Hierarchical Controllers

- Idea: let some nodes be sub-controllers
 - Action mapping: α : N \rightarrow A or Pr(a|n)
 - Next node mapping: σ : N x O → N or Pr(n'|n,o)
 - Child mapping (abstract nodes): $\phi: N \rightarrow N$ or Pr(n'|n)
 - Local reward function
 - Special exit nodes



Hierarchical Controllers

- Transition prob of abstract nodes: Pr(s'|â,s)
 - Discounted occupancy frequency

$$- f(s',n') = Pr(n'|n^{par}) + \gamma \Sigma_{snao'} f(s,n) Pr(a|n) Pr(s'|s,a)$$

$$Pr(o'|a,s') Pr(n'|n,o')$$

- Policy optimization
 - Bottom up optimization
 - Policy iteration
 - Needs less nodes per subtask
 - Can also exploit state abstraction

Recursive Controllers

- Can we let sub-controllers call themselves?
 - Yes: Charlin, Poupart & Shioda 2006
- Recursive controllers:
 - Infinite hierarchy
 - Could be useful in natural language processing tasks
 - Note that
 - Hierarchical controllers ⇔ regular expressions
 - Recursive controllers ⇔ context-free grammars
- Policy optimization
 - Can't use bottom up optimization
 - Must optimize all levels simultaneously

Hierarchy Discovery

- Could we discover the hierarchy?
 - Yes: Charlin, Poupart & Shioda 2006
- Policy optimization: aim for hierarchical optimality
 - Non-convex quartic optimization problem
 - Use non-convex solvers and/or approximate problem
 - Not scalable

Hierarchy Discovery

e 2: Non-convex quarticly constrained optimization problem for hierarchy and policy discovery bunded stochastic recursive controllers.

$$\frac{\operatorname{lax}}{v,y,z} = \sum_{s \in S} b_{0}(s) \underbrace{V_{n_{0}}(s)}_{y} \tag{3}$$

$$\underbrace{V_{n}(s)}_{y} = \sum_{a,n'} \left[\underbrace{\Pr(n',a|n,o_{k})}_{x} R(s,a) + \sum_{s',o} \Pr_{\gamma}(s'|s,a) \Pr(o|s',a) \underbrace{\Pr(n',a|n,o)}_{x} \underbrace{V_{n'}(s')}_{y} \right] \quad \forall s,n$$

$$\underbrace{V_{\overline{n}}(s)}_{y} = \sum_{n_{beg}} \underbrace{\Pr(n_{beg}|\overline{n})}_{z} \left[\underbrace{V_{n_{beg}}(s)}_{y} + \sum_{s_{end},a,n'} \underbrace{\operatorname{oc}(s_{end},n_{end}|s,n_{beg})}_{w} \underbrace{\left[\Pr(n',a|\overline{n},o_{k}) R(s_{end},a) + \sum_{s',o} \Pr(s'|s_{end},a) \Pr(o|s',a) \underbrace{\Pr(n',a|\overline{n},o)}_{y} \underbrace{V_{n'}(s')}_{y} \right] \right]}_{y} \quad \forall s,\overline{n}$$

$$\underbrace{\operatorname{oc}(s',n'|s_{0},n_{0})}_{w} = \delta(s',n',s_{0},n_{0}) + \sum_{s,o,a} \underbrace{\left[\underbrace{\operatorname{oc}(s',n'|s_{0},n_{0})}_{w} \Pr_{\gamma}(s'|s,a) \Pr(o|s',a) \underbrace{\operatorname{Pr}(n',a|n,o)}_{x} \right]}_{w} \right] \quad \forall s,\overline{n}$$

$$\underbrace{\operatorname{oc}(s,n|s_{0},n_{0})}_{w} \Pr_{\gamma}(s'|s,a) \Pr_{\gamma}(s'|s_{end},a) \Pr_{\gamma}(s'|s_{end},a) \Pr_{\gamma}(s',a) \\ \underbrace{\operatorname{oc}(s_{end},n_{beg},\overline{n},\underbrace{\operatorname{oc}(s,\overline{n}|s_{0},n_{0})}_{w} \Pr_{\gamma}(s'|s_{end},a) \Pr_{\gamma}(s'|s_{end},a) \Pr_{\gamma}(s'|s_{end},a) \\ \underbrace{\operatorname{oc}(s_{end},n_{end}|s,n_{beg})}_{w} \Pr_{\gamma}(n',a|\overline{n},o) \underbrace{\operatorname{Pr}(n_{beg}|\overline{n})}_{z} \right] \quad \forall s_{0},s',n_{0},n'$$

$$\underbrace{\operatorname{Pr}(\overline{n'}|\overline{n})}_{w} = 0 \text{ if } label(\overline{n'}) \leq label(\overline{n}), \forall \overline{n},\overline{n'}$$
(7)

Hierarchy Discovery

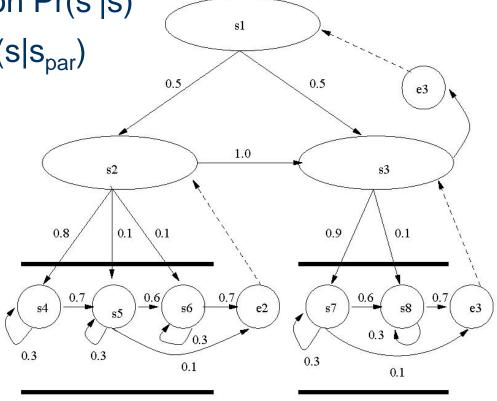
- Why discover the hierarchy since the problem is the same as not having a hierarchy?
 - Search in a different policy space
 - Bias the search towards hierarchical policies
 - Sub-policy reuse
 - Reveal interesting structure

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Hierarchies in HMMs

- Finn, Singer & Tishby 1998: state hierarchy
 - Emission distribution Pr(o|s)
 - Next state distribution Pr(s'|s)
 - Child distribution Pr(s|s_{par})
 - Exist states
- Similar to hierarchical controllers



Hierarchies in HMMs

Motivation

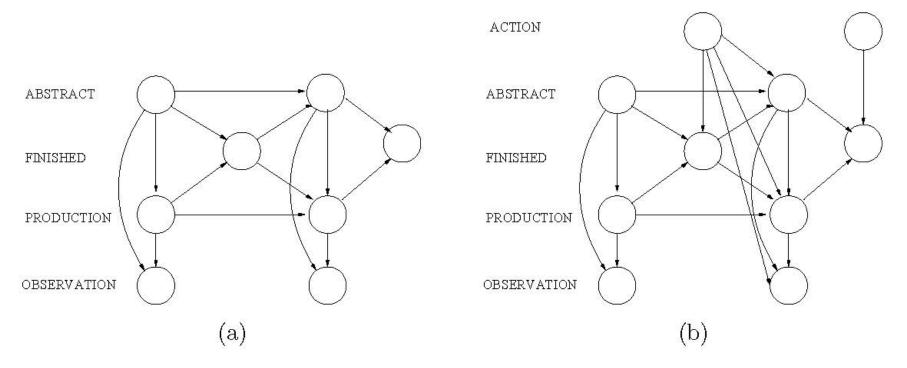
- Model to naturally capture hierarchical structure
- Fewer parameters: faster learning

Benefits

- Spatial abstraction
- Temporal abstraction

HHMMs as DBNs

- Murphy 2001
- DBN representation
- Equivalent parameterization



HHMMs as DBNs

- Factored representation
 - Can use any Bayes net algorithm
 - Common factored structure for all hierarchies

- Inference:
 - DBN: linear in time and quadratic in states
 - HHMM: cubic in time and linear in states

HPOMDPs

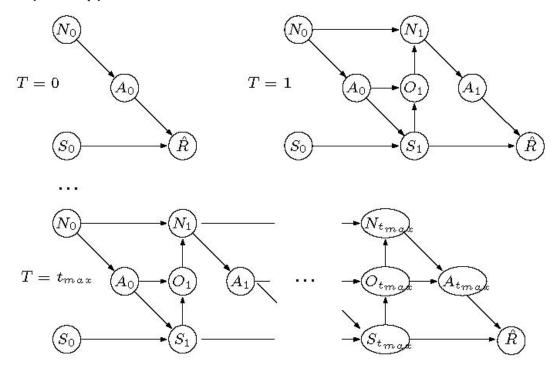
- Theocharous et al. 2001, 2004
- HHMM with actions and rewards

- Design or learn macro action for the exit state of each abstract state
- Question: do state hierarchy induce action hierarchies and vice-versa?

Controllers as DBNs

- Toussaint et al. 2006: controller ⇔ DBN mixture
 - Normalize reward in [0,1] to be a random variable
 - One DBN per horizon t with reward at the end

$$- Pr(t) = t^{\gamma} (1 - \gamma)$$

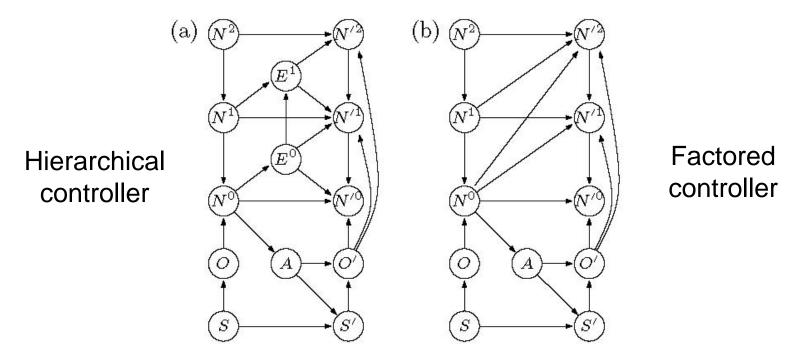


Controllers as DBNs

- Policy optimization
 - Maximize likelihood of R=1
 - Expectation maximization
- Advantage: any inference algorithm can be used

Factored Controllers

- Toussaint, Charlin & Poupart 2008
 - Hierarchical controllers
 ⇒ DBN mixture
 - More generally: factored controllers



Factored Controllers

- Hierarchy discovery & policy optimization
 - Maximize likelihood of R=1
 - Expectation Maximization
- Same problem as non-convex quartic opt. prob.
 - EM much faster than optimization-based technique
 - But EM gets stuck in local optima more easily

Applications

- Nursebot project
 - polCA
- Robot navigation
 - HPOMDP
- Any other?

Summary

- Action hierarchies
- State hierarchies

- Advantages
 - Temporal and spatial abstraction
 - Fewer parameters to learn
 - Reuse of sub-policies/processes
 - Different search space

Questions?

- Are there synergies to be exploited by combining action and state hierarchies?
 - Does a state hierarchy imply an action hierarchy and vice versa?
- How much more abstraction can we gain from hierarchies over non-hierarchical state abstraction?