

# Dependency Parsing (continued)

## Lecture 20: November 15, 2013

CS886-2 Natural Language Understanding  
University of Waterloo

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## Dependency Parser

- Training (parameter estimation)
  1. Estimate parameters of scoring function
  2. Estimate parameters of sequence tagger
- Testing (parsing)
  1. Compute edge weights for a sentence
  2. Find maximum spanning tree
  3. Find best labels for each edge

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## Scoring Function Estimation

- Estimate parameters of scoring function based on labeled corpus

- Probabilistic scoring function:

$$\Pr(\text{edges}|\text{words}, \lambda) \propto \exp\left(\sum_i \lambda_i f_i(\text{words}, \text{edges})\right)$$

where  $f_i$  is a feature and  $\lambda_i$  is its weight

- Maximum conditional likelihood:

$$\lambda^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{\lambda} \Pr(\text{edges}|\text{words}, \lambda)$$

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## Scoring Function Features

- Feature: any function that can be computed based on the text
- Presence/absence of an edge
  - Pair of words
  - Words between the pair of words
  - Pair of part-of-speech tags
  - Distance between two words
  - Gender, number, person attributes
  - Etc.

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## Sequence Tagger Estimation

- Estimate parameters of edge tags based on labeled corpus

- Probabilistic scoring function:

$$\Pr(\text{labels}|\text{words}, \text{edges}, \gamma) \propto \exp\left(\sum_i \gamma_i f_i(\text{words}, \text{edges}, \text{labels})\right)$$

where  $f_i$  is a feature and  $\gamma_i$  is its weight

- Maximum conditional likelihood:

$$\gamma^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{\gamma} \Pr(\text{labels}|\text{words}, \text{edges}, \gamma)$$

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## Sequence Tagger Model

- Tree-based conditional random field

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## Sequence Tagger Features

- Feature: any function that can be computed based on the text and the graph
- Single label
  - Pair of words linked by the corresponding edge
  - Words between the pair of words
  - Pair of part-of-speech tags
- Pair of labels

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## Dependency Parser

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## Edge Weights

- To find an MST, we need a weight for each edge

$$w(\text{edge}) = \sum_{\{i | f_i \text{ depends on edge}\}} \lambda_i f_i(\text{edge}, \text{words})$$

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## Maximum Spanning Tree (MST)

- MST finds the tree that maximizes  $\sum_{\text{edge}} w(\text{edge})$

- Scoring function in terms of edge weights:

$$\Pr(\text{edges} | \text{words}) \propto \exp\left(\sum_{\text{edge}} w(\text{edge})\right)$$

- Hence, **MST finds tree that maximizes the scoring fn**

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## Edge Labeling

- Compute best labeling  
 $labels^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{labels} \Pr(labels|edges, words, \gamma^*)$
- Algorithms:
  - **Viterbi** (dynamic programming)
    - First order model
  - **Gibbs sampling**
    - Long range dependencies