Material and some slide content from:

- Emerson Murphy-Hill, Reid Holmes
- Software Architecture: Foundations, Theory, and Practice
- Essential Software Architecture



Architectural Style Intro & Early Feedback Mei Nagappan

Pitch Survey

- Your group name
- Most interesting
- Most useful



Attribute Driven Design

- Choose module to decompose
 - Initially whole system is one module
- Refine the module
 - Choose arch drivers from NFR and FR
 - Choose arch style that satisfies them
 - Create modules based on style
 - Allocate functionality to each module
 - Define interfaces for modules
 - Verify and evaluate against NFR and FR
 - Repeat until you cannot decompose

Architectural styles

- Some design choices are better than others
 - Experience can guide us towards beneficial sets of choices (patterns) that have positive properties
- An architectural style is a named collection of architectural design decisions that:
 - Are applicable to a given context
 - Constrain design decisions
 - Elicit beneficial qualities in resulting systems

Architectural styles

A set of architectural design decisions that are applicable to a recurring design problem, and parameterized to account for different software development contexts in which that problem appears.

e.g., Three-tier architectural pattern:





Architectural styles

- Defines a family of architectures that are constrained by:
 - Component/connector vocabulary
 - Topology
 - Semantic constraints
- When describing styles diagrammatically:
 - Nodes == components (e.g., procedures, modules, processes, databases, ...)
 - Edges == connectors (e.g., procedure calls, events, db queries, pipes, ...)

Good properties of an architecture

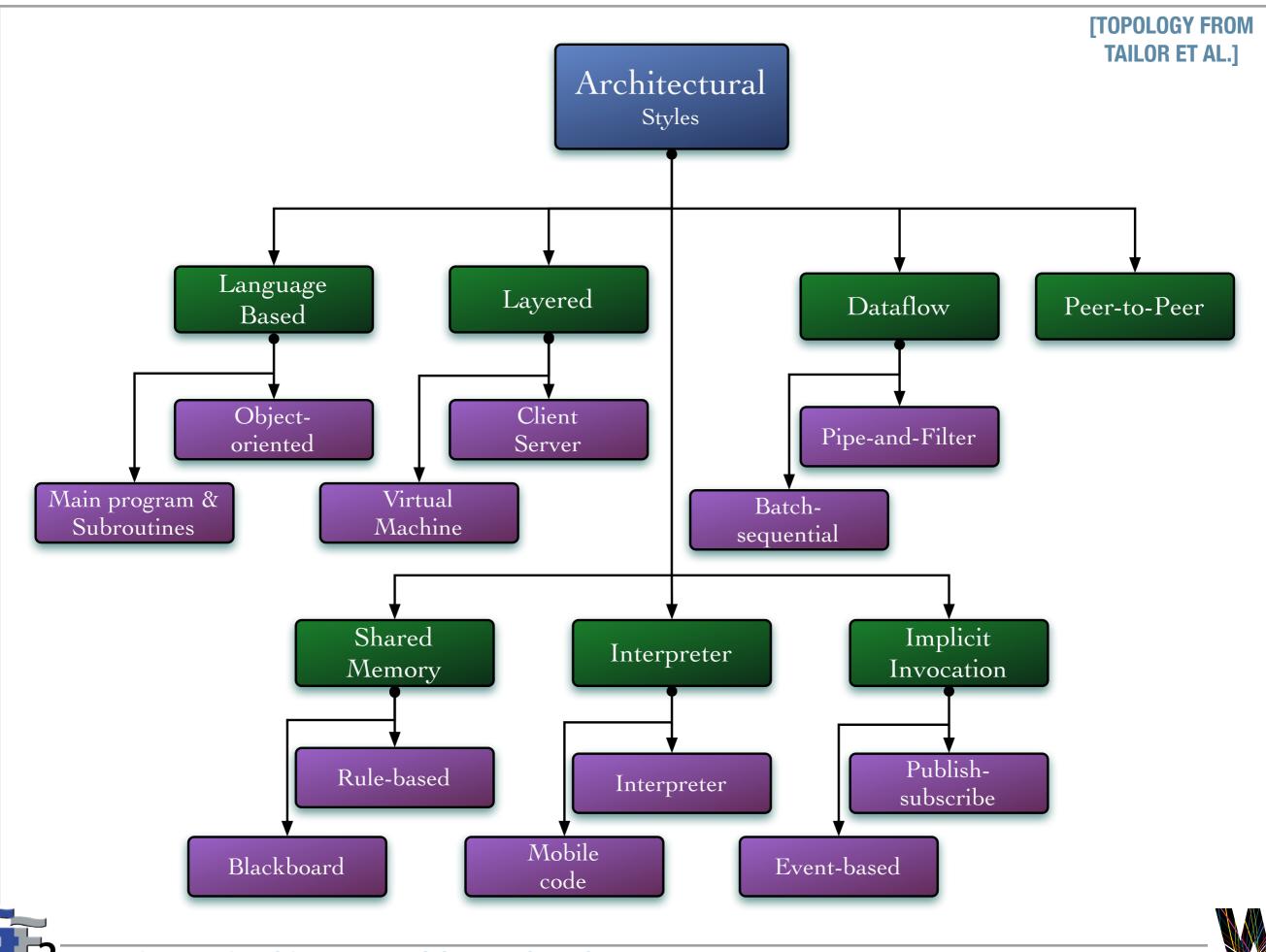
- Result in a consistent set of principled techniques
- Resilient in the face of (inevitable) changes
- Source of guidance through product lifetime
- Reuse of established engineering knowledge



"Pure" architectural styles

- Pure architectural styles are rarely used in practice
- Systems in practice:
 - Regularly deviate from pure styles.
 - Typically feature many architectural styles.
- Architects must understand the "pure" styles to understand the strength and weaknesses of the style as well as the consequences of deviating from the style.





MEI NAGAPPAN- SE2: SOFTWARE DESIGN & ARCHITECTURE

Arch Activity

Presentation

- 20 minute maximum
- Two primary components:
 - Description of how the style / pattern is useful over time
 - Comprehensive example / tutorial that demonstrates the dynamic nature of the style / pattern
- No slides; be creative. Make it memorable.



Arch Style - D2 Document

- Have its own vocabulary for its components and connectors? (define)
- Impose specific topological constraints?
- Most applicable to specific kinds of problems?
- What specific positive behaviours does it engender?
- Have any specific negative behaviours?
- Support/inhibit specific NFPs?

