

(4)

Task 2(a)

Given $f = [1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4]$, so $N=8$.

$$\text{Define } W_8 = e^{i\frac{2\pi}{8}} = e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i$$

$$\text{and therefore } \bar{W}_8 = W_8^{-1} = e^{-i\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i.$$

The Forward FFT is defined by

$$F_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} f_n \bar{W}_N^{nk}, \quad \text{for } k=0, \dots, N-1.$$

For the FFT algorithm described in Section 7.7, we define the following two vectors of size $\frac{N}{2}=4$:

$$g_n = \frac{1}{2} (f_n + f_{n+4}), \quad n=0, 1, 2, 3$$

$$h_n = \frac{1}{2} (f_n - f_{n+4}) \bar{W}_8^n, \quad n=0, 1, 2, 3$$

$$\text{i.e., } g = \frac{1}{2} [(1+1) \ (2+2) \ (3+3) \ (4+4)]$$

$$\Rightarrow g = [1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4]$$

$$h = \frac{1}{2} [(1-1)\bar{W}_8^0 \ (2-2)\bar{W}_8^1 \ (3-3)\bar{W}_8^2 \ (4-4)\bar{W}_8^3]$$

$$\Rightarrow h = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]$$

Task 2(b)

DFT(g): $G_k = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{n=0}^3 g_n \overline{W_4}^{nk}$ where $\overline{W_4} = -i$

So,

$$G_0 = \frac{1}{4} [g_0 + g_1 + g_2 + g_3] = \frac{1}{4} [1 + 2 + 3 + 4] = \boxed{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$G_1 = \frac{1}{4} [g_0 + g_1(-i) + g_2(-i)^2 + g_3(-i)^3]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} [1 - 2i - 3 + 4i] = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i}$$

$$G_2 = \frac{1}{4} [g_0 + g_1(-i)^2 + g_2(-i)^4 + g_3(-i)^6]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} [1 - 2 + 3 - 4] = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$G_3 = \frac{1}{4} [g_0 + g_1(-i)^3 + g_2(-i)^6 + g_3(-i)^9]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} [1 + 2i - 3 - 4i] = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i}$$

Actually,
just the
same as
Task 1(a)

Therefore, $G = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{2} & (-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i) & -\frac{1}{2} & (-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i) \end{bmatrix}$

Similarly, for DFT(h): $H_k = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{n=0}^3 h_n \overline{W_4}^{nk}$

So, $H_0 = \frac{1}{4} [h_0 + h_1 + h_2 + h_3] = 0$

and since all $h_n = 0$, we have

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

⑥

Task 2(c)

The development in Section 7.7 of the Course Notes shows that the even coefficients of $F = \text{DFT}(f)$ are precisely given by G , and the odd coefficients are given by H .

That is,

$$F = [G_0, H_0, G_1, H_1, G_2, H_2, G_3, H_3]$$

I.e.,

$$F = \left[\frac{5}{2} \quad 0 \quad \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i\right) \quad 0 \quad -\frac{1}{2} \quad 0 \quad \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i\right) \quad 0 \right]$$