

Time course of socio-cognitive processes using ERPs: an introduction

Roxane J. Itier

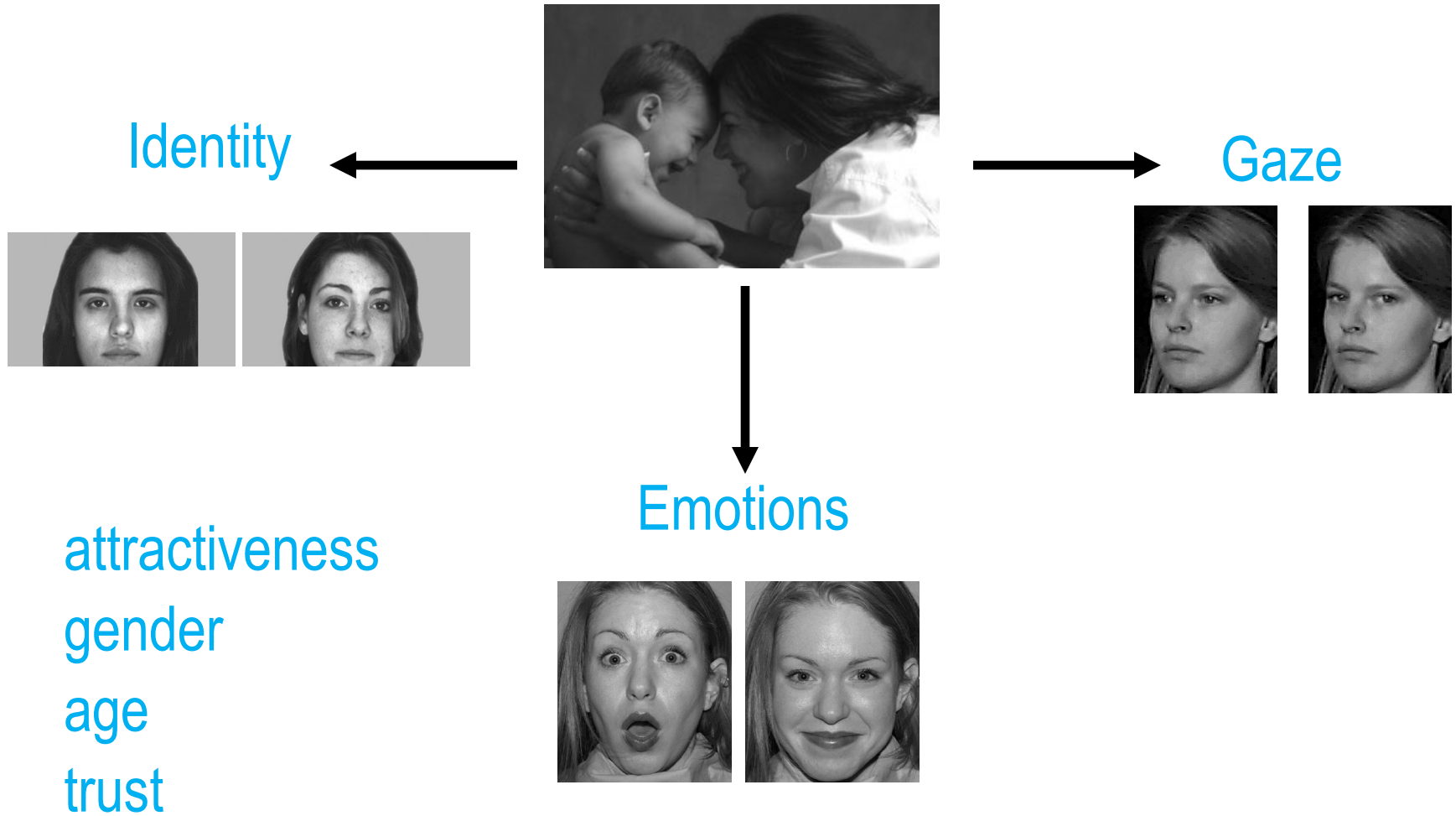
**CS 886 – guest lecture
November 12, 2024**



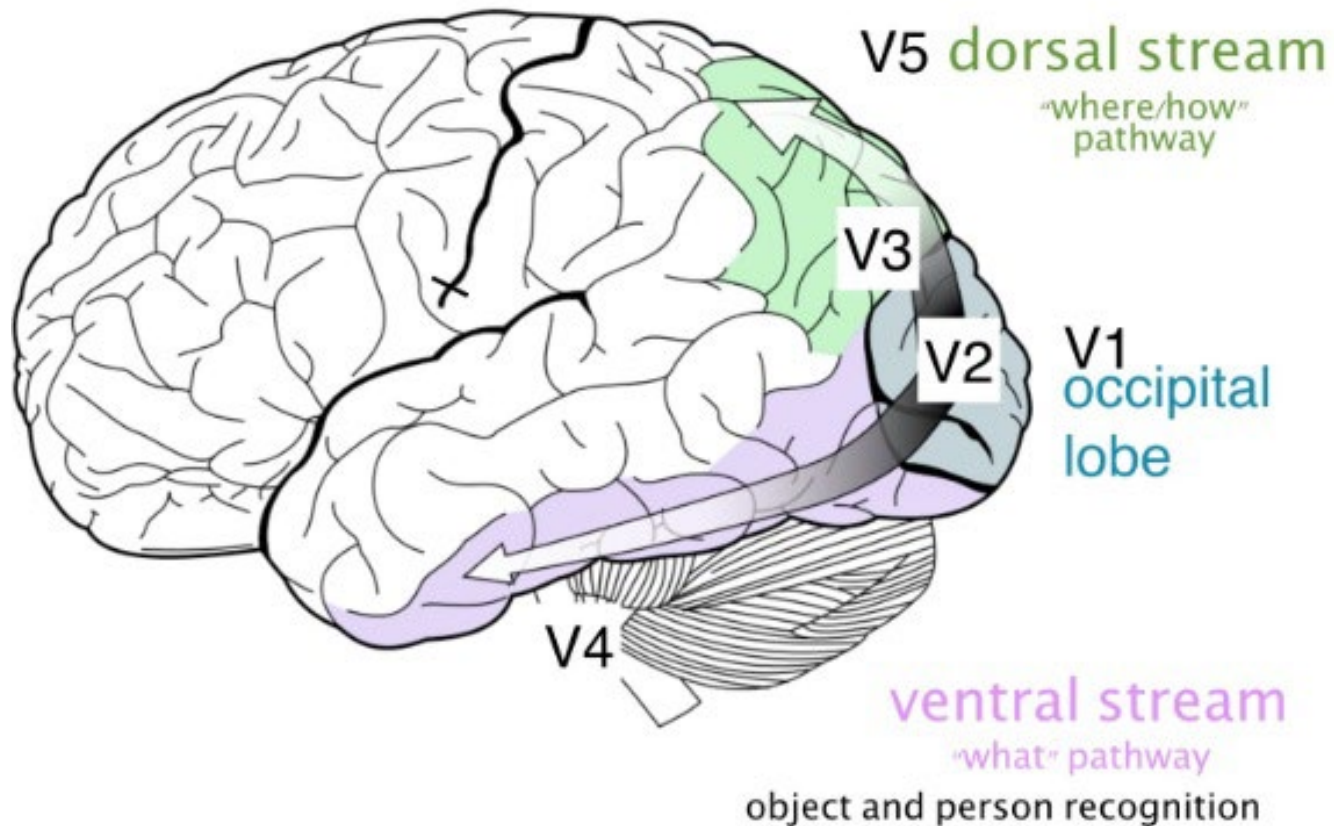
Importance of the face for non-verbal communication and social interactions



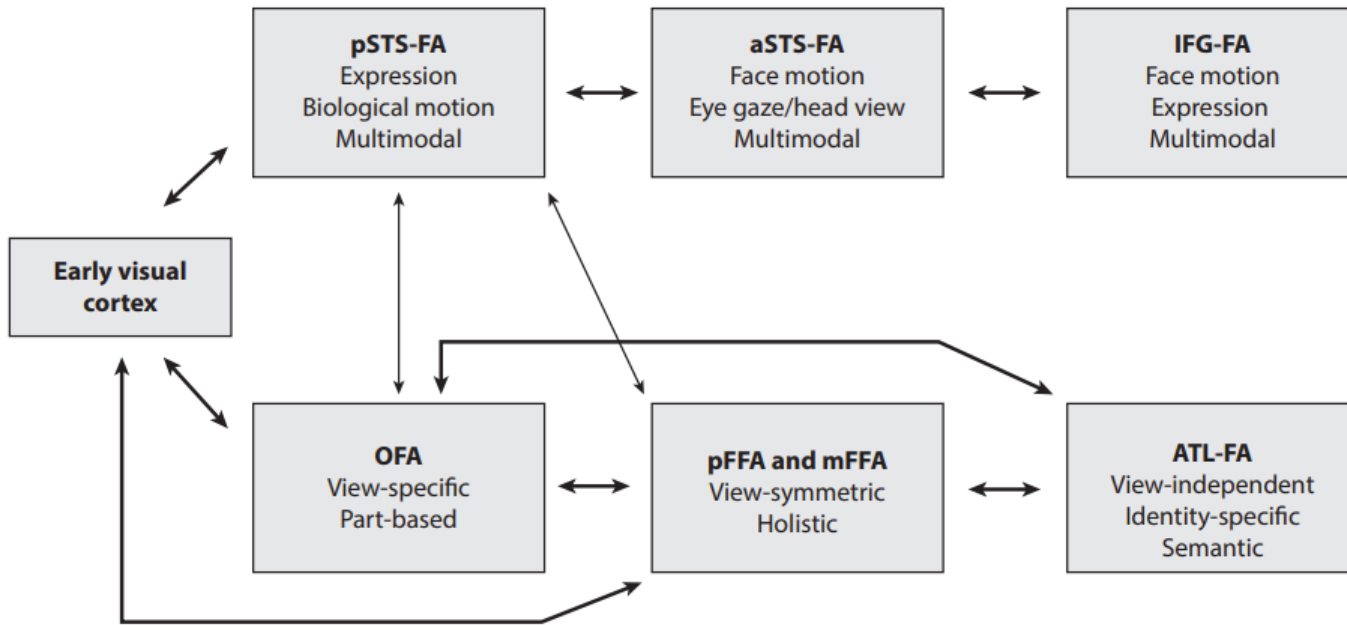
Faces: a window to others' minds



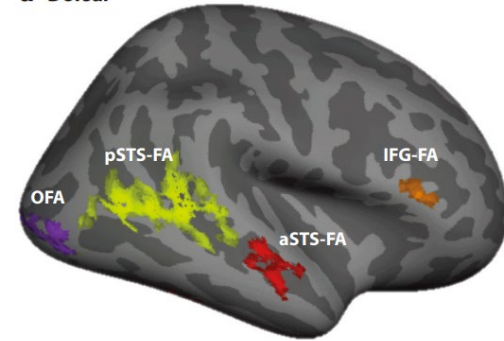
Reminder: 2 visual processing pathways



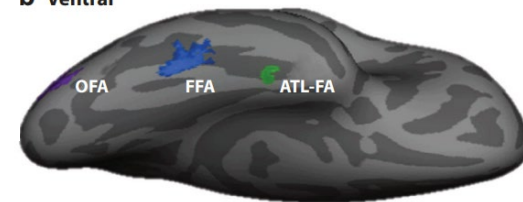
Face processing model - imaging literature



a Dorsal

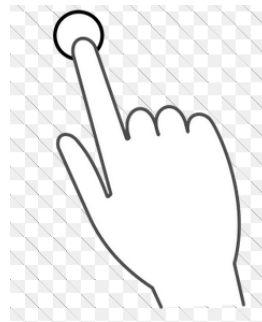
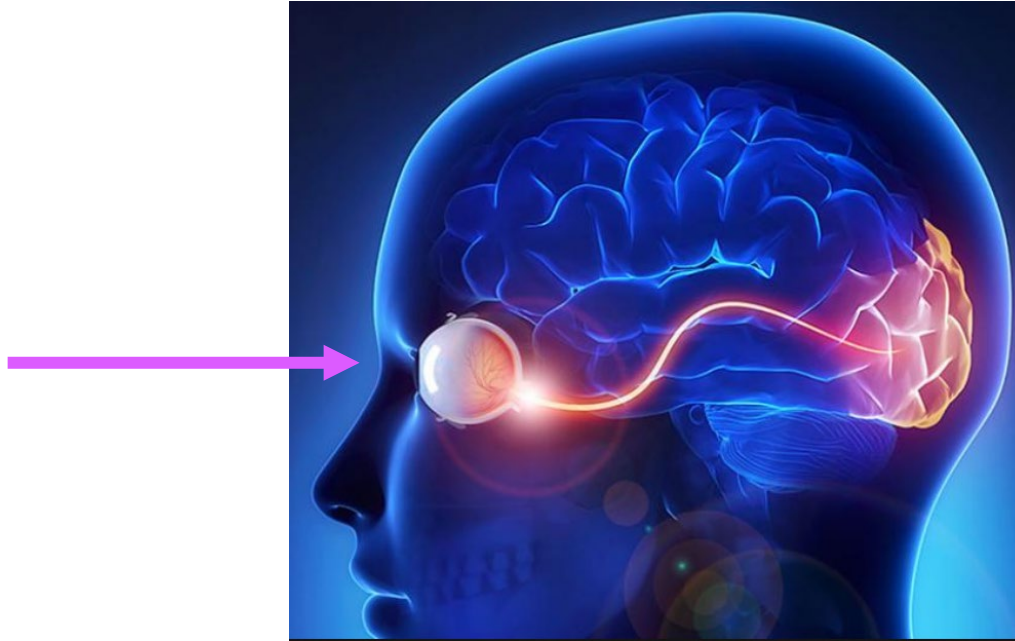


b Ventral



Duchaine & Yovel, 2015

Brain processes are extremely fast



Identity, gender, basic
emotion discrimination
tasks – RT < 500ms

Measures of processing time

- * **Reaction times** – end result of discrimination process
- * **Saccade latencies** – only in specific paradigms
- * **Electroencephalography (EEG)**- non-invasive measure of underlying neuronal activity
 - Continuous measure - from stimulus to response
 - **ERP** components - physiological markers for specific cognitive processes

The ERP/MEEG techniques in research

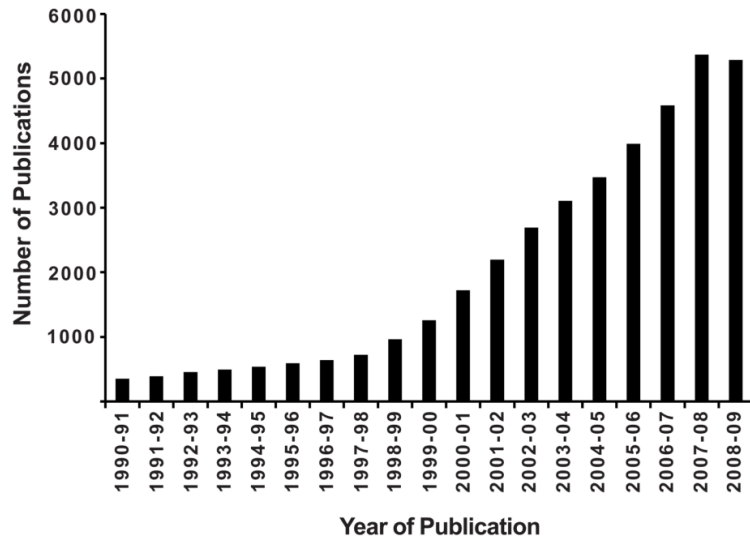
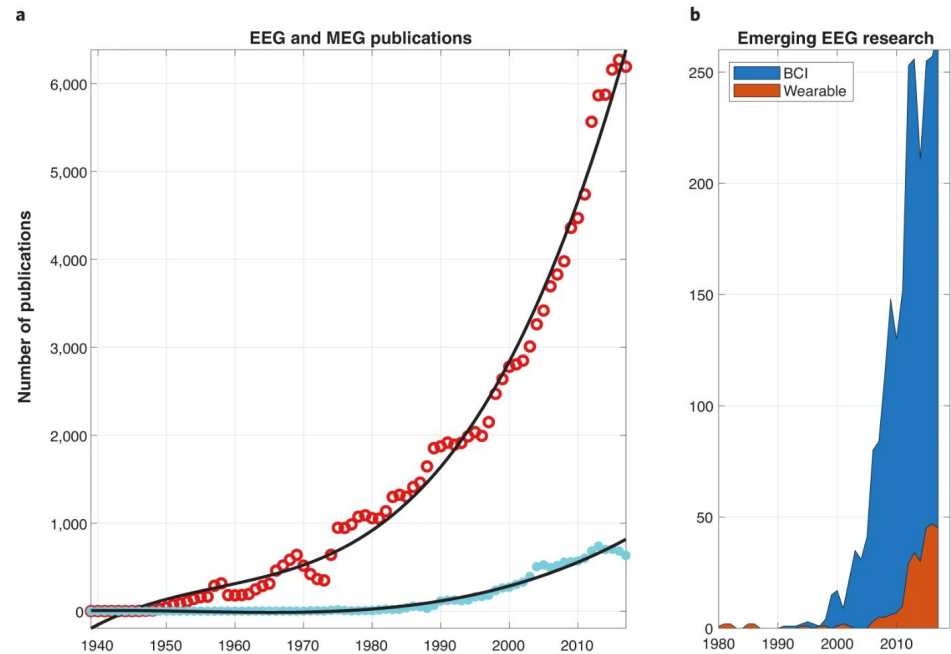


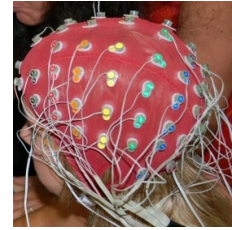
Figure 5.
Number of event-related potential papers by year of publication. Data derived from PsychInfo searches for the terms event-related potential, ERP, or evoked potential in any search field.

Woodman, 2010



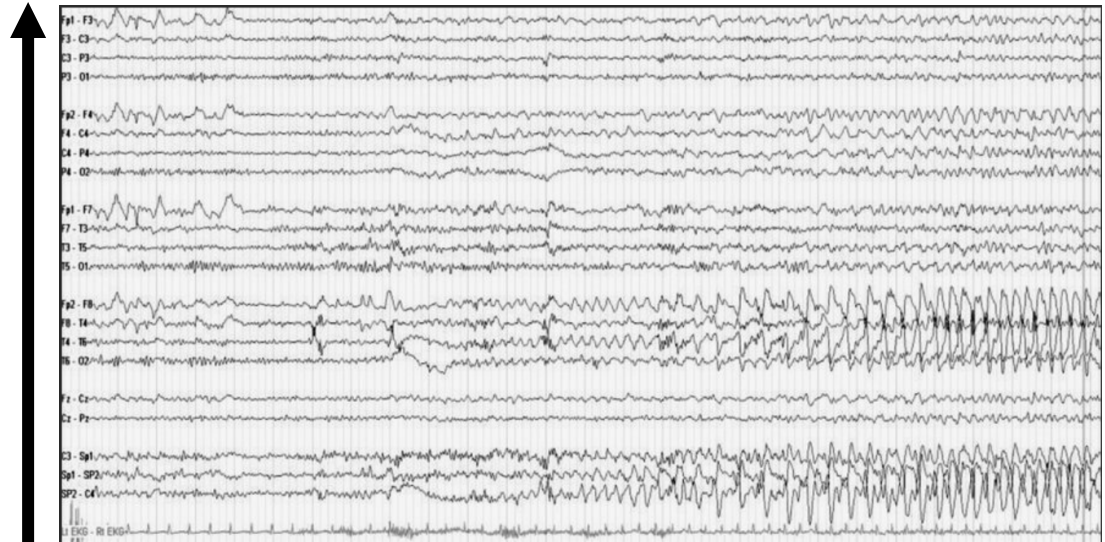
Pernet et al., 2020

Electroencephalography - EEG



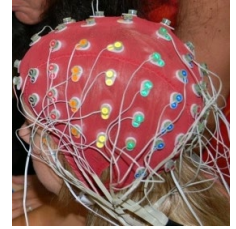
- EEG data reflects changes in scalp-recorded electrical activity over time

Electrodes

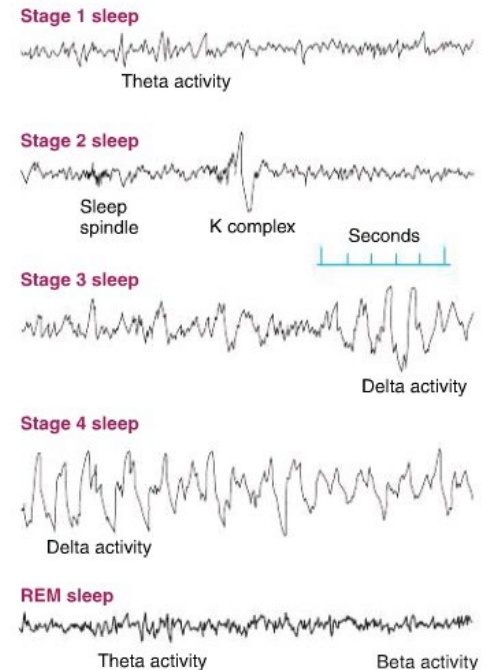


Time

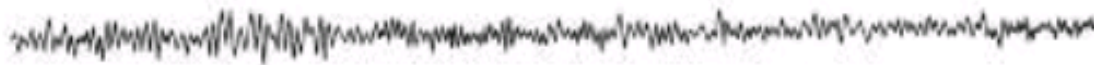
Electroencephalography - EEG



- voltage differences between electrodes placed on scalp
- helps diagnosis (e.g. epilepsy; anomalies in rhythmic brain activities, sleep stages ..)
- Used in research



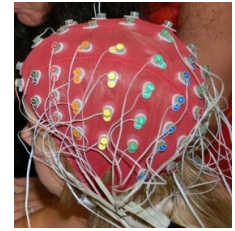
Awake



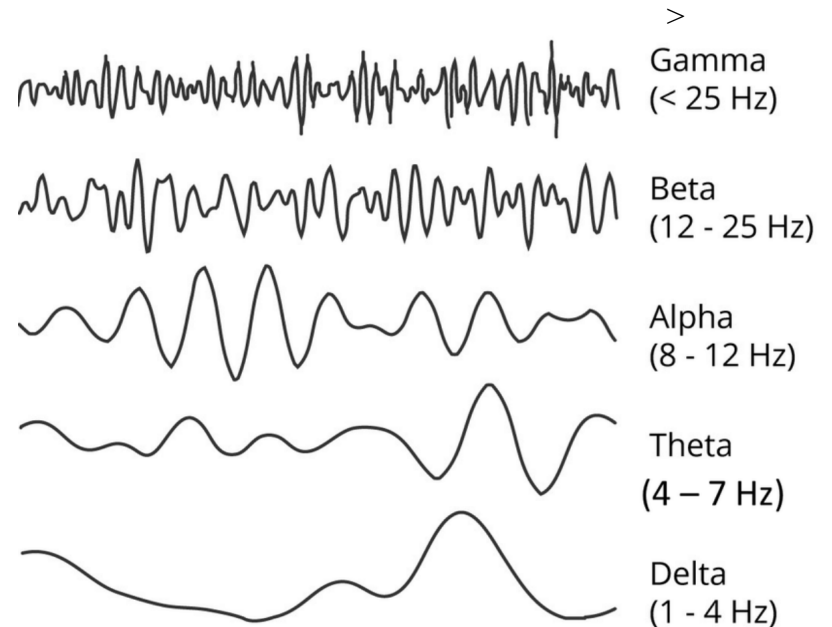
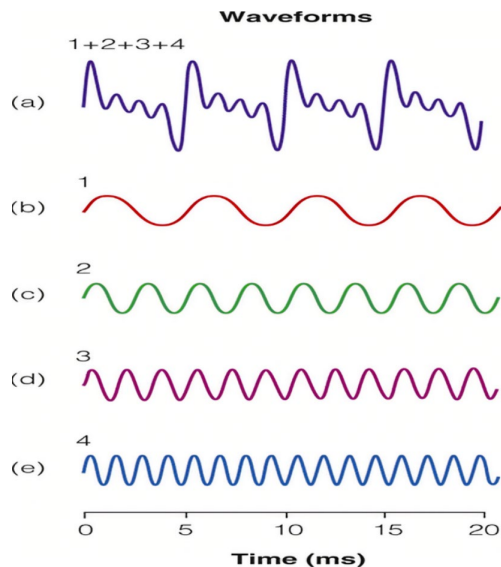
Alpha activity

Beta activity

Electroencephalography - EEG

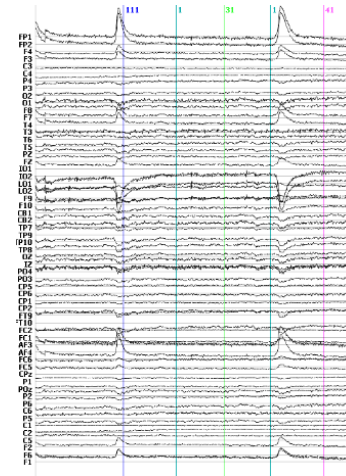
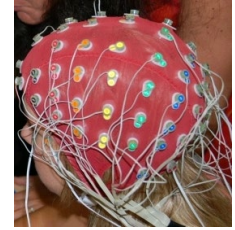


- Combination of oscillations or sine waves of varying frequencies

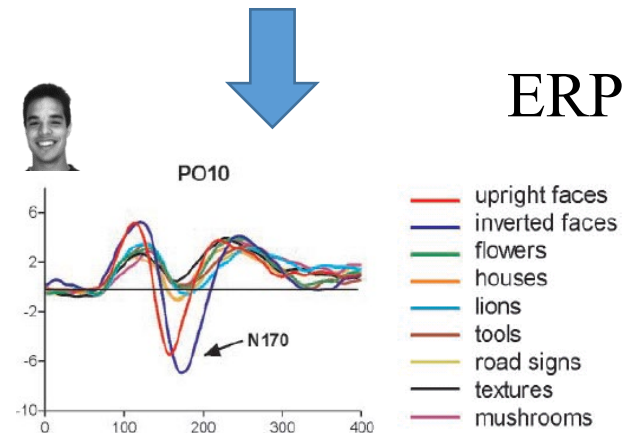
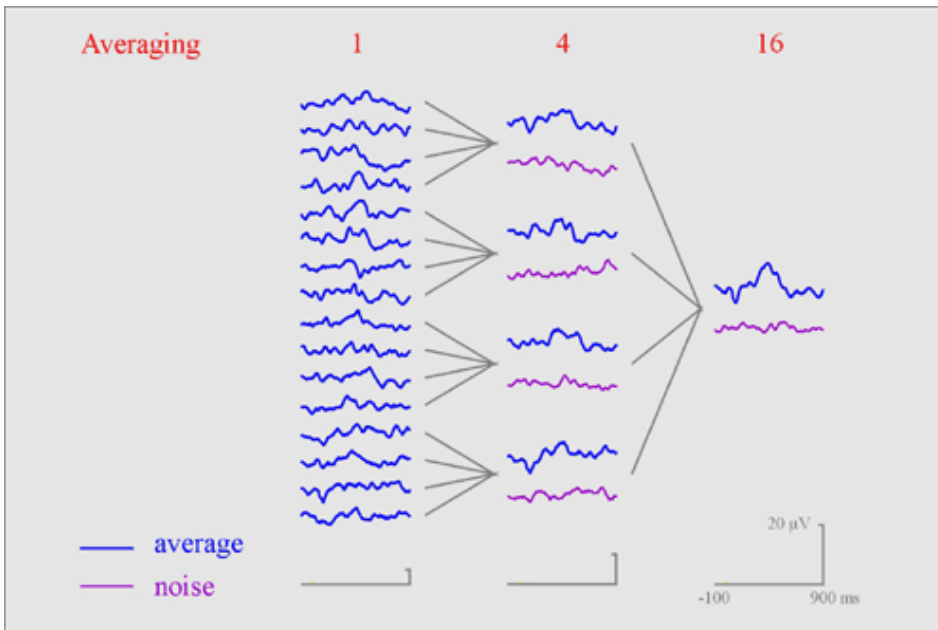


Event-Related Potentials (ERPs)

- special analysis of EEG signal
- link activity to perception/processing of stimulus/task
- averaging activity across many trials



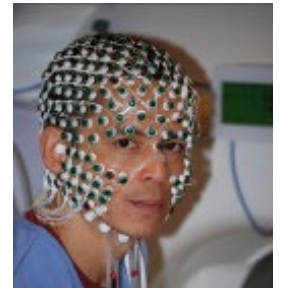
EEG



ERP

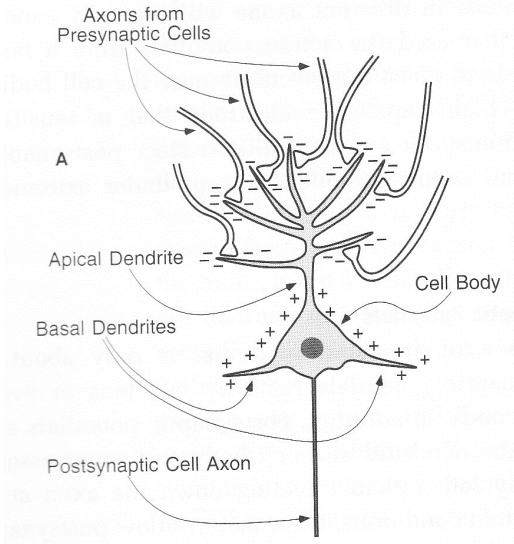
EEG/ERPs

- Totally non-invasive (scalp)
- Excellent temporal resolution – “**when**” but poor spatial resolution
- Measures cortical activity, not deep sources
- Length of participant “preparation”
- Poor signal to noise ratio (large trial number required + complex sophisticated preprocessing pipeline)

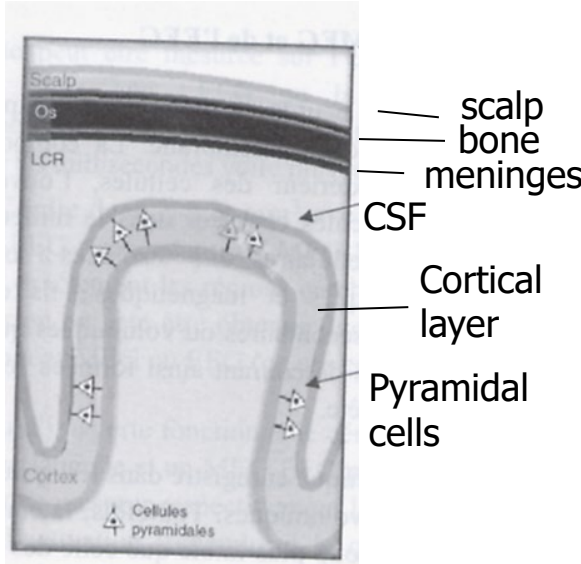
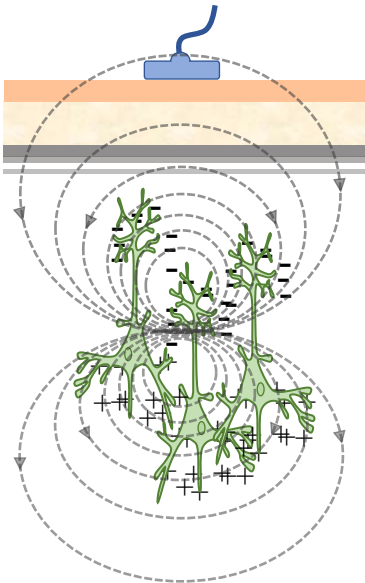


Physiological bases of EEG

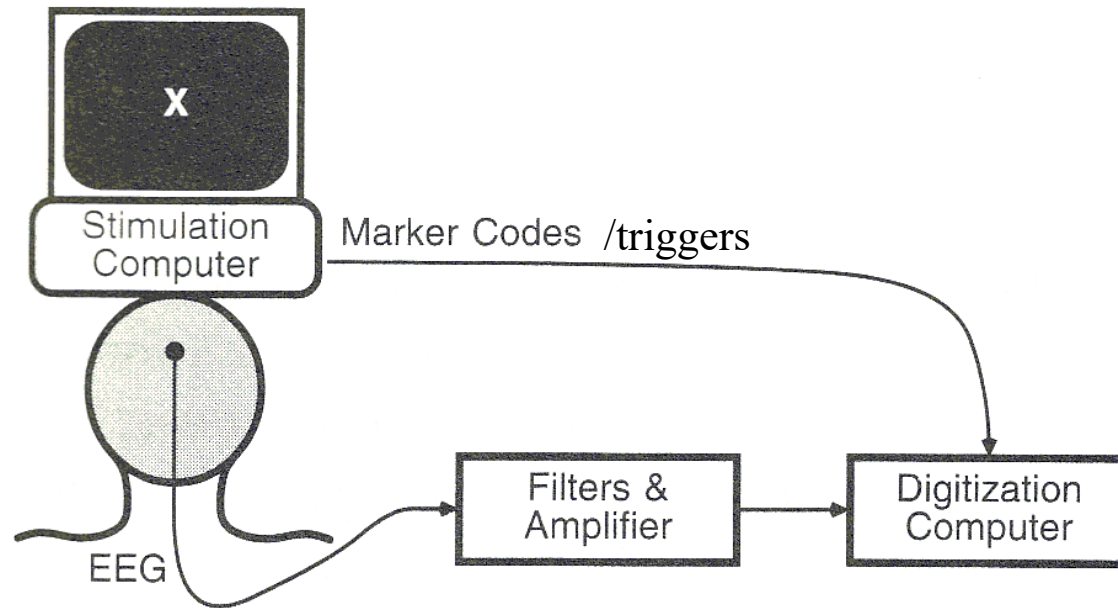
- **Direct** measure of neuronal activity – post-synaptic potentials
- Postsynaptic currents last 10 to 100ms
- Currents reach the scalp only if they are strong enough
- Scalp activity comes from neurons in cortex whose dendrites form a column
- Deep and circular structures aren't caught



Luck, 2005



ERP experiment set-up

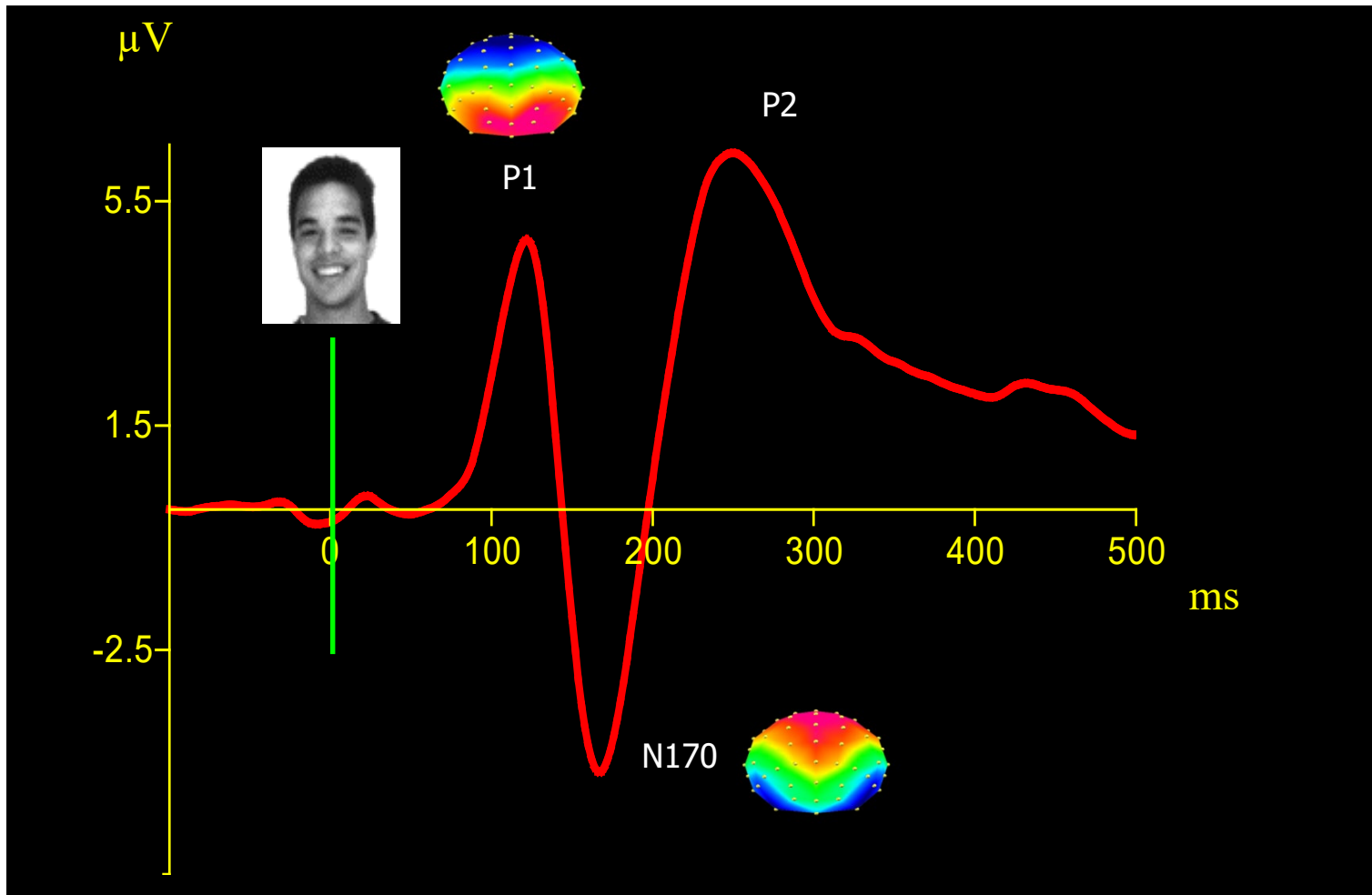




When does visual discrimination occur ?

Early Visual ERPs : P1, N170, P2, EPN

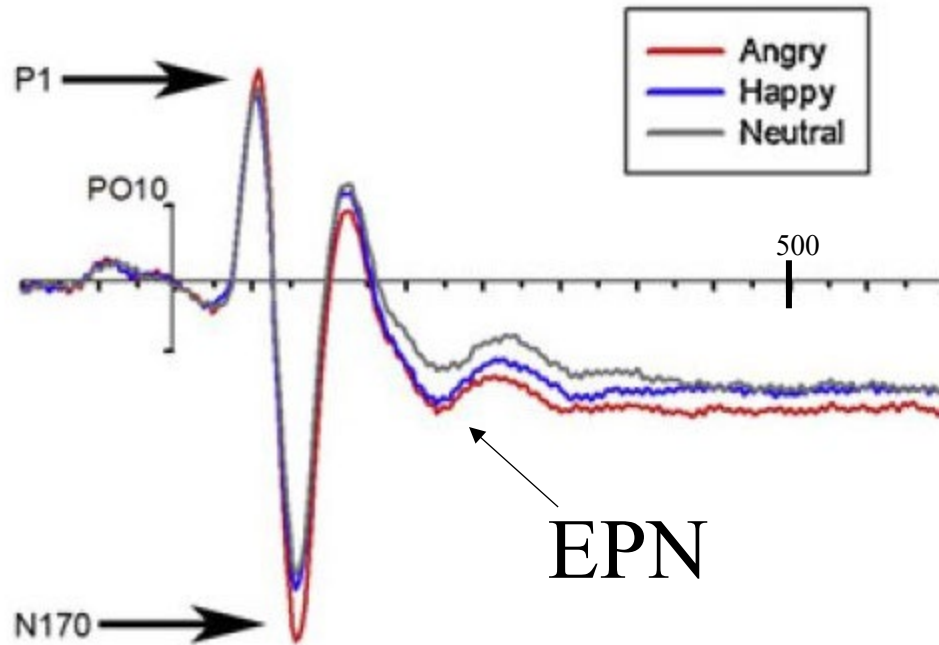
Later ERPs: P3, LPP



When does visual discrimination occur ?

Early Visual ERPs : P1, N170, P2, EPN

Later ERPs: P3, LPP

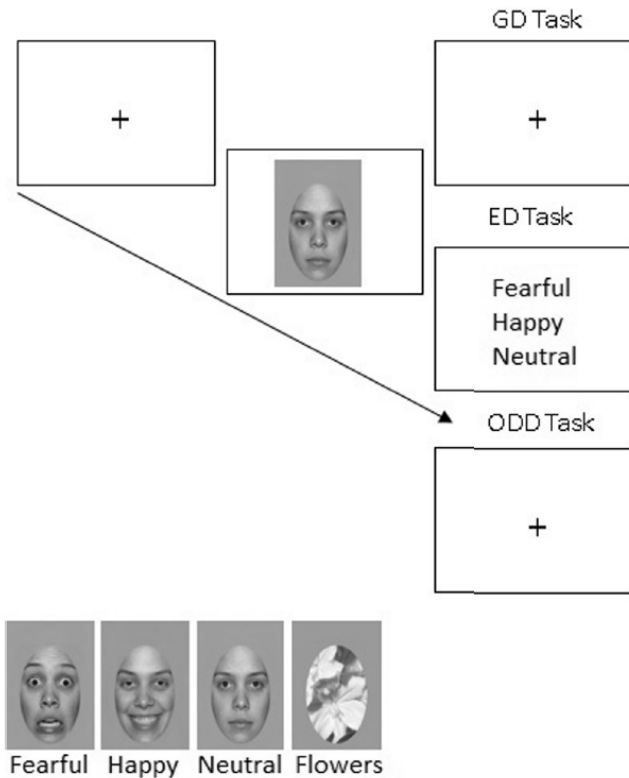


- emotion > neutral
- valence or arousal?
- 220-350ms but may start around 150ms, right after N170

Rellecke et al., 2012, Biological Psychology

Role of task demands?

Emotion perception – gender, emotion, oddball tasks



Linear Modeling toolbox (LIMO) – Mass univariate

3 emotion x 3 task ANOVA @ every time point and electrode

Threshold-free Clustering Enhancement (TFCE) correction

Reduce Type I and Type II errors

N=24 (11F, 13M) with LIMO

Gaze-contingent presentation (with eye tracker): nose fixation

96 trials/condition

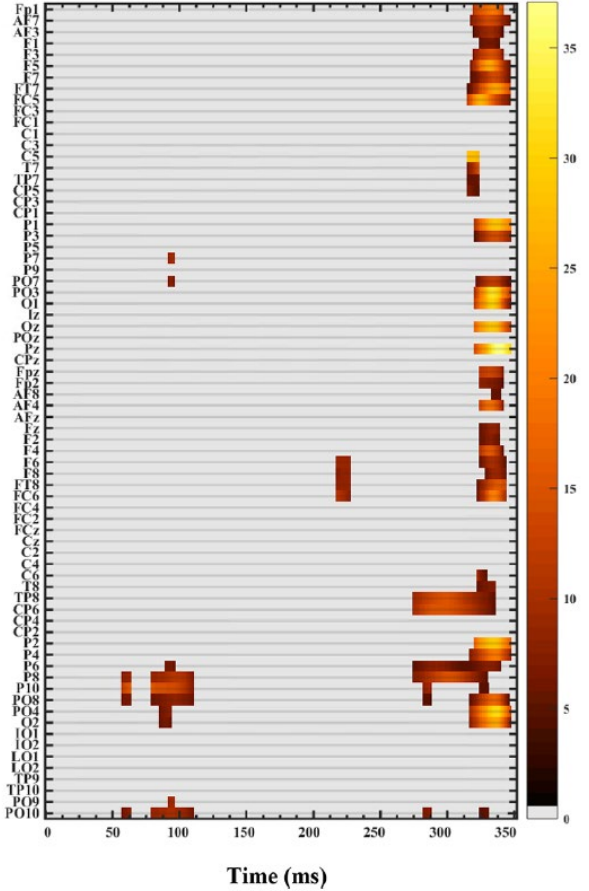
Within-subject

Tasks blocked; block order counterbalanced

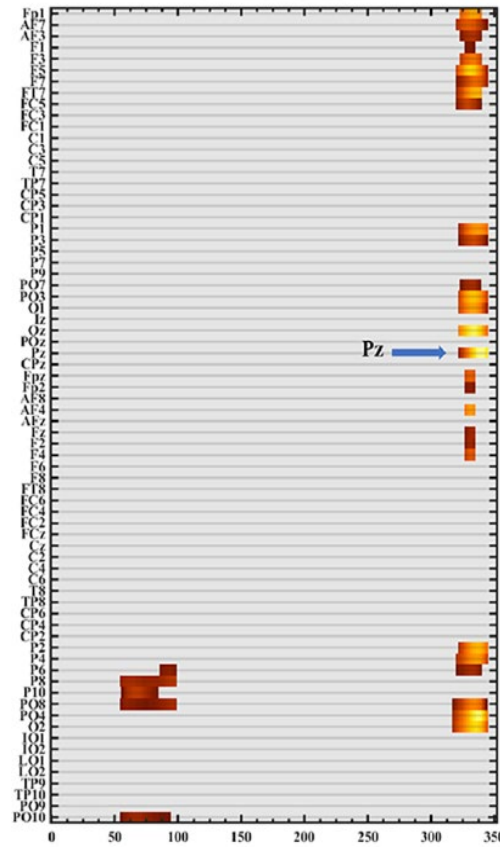
Emotion perception – gender, emotion, oddball tasks

LIMO Task Effect

F-Values

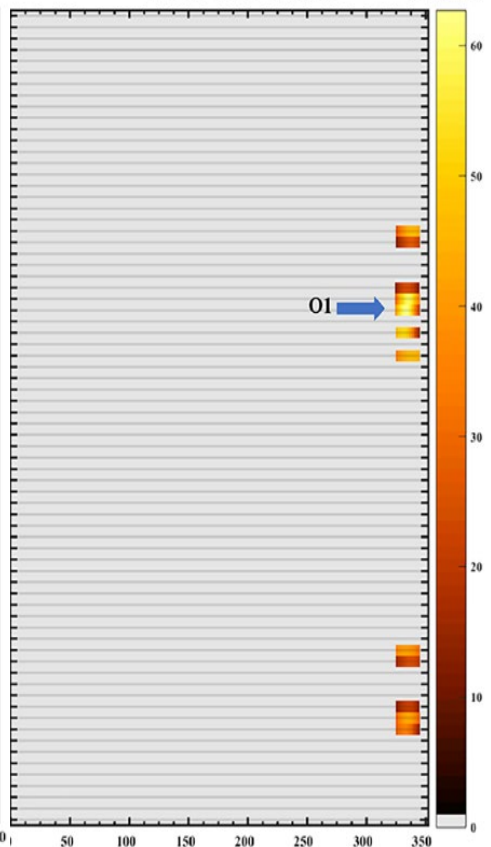


ED vs GD F-Contrast

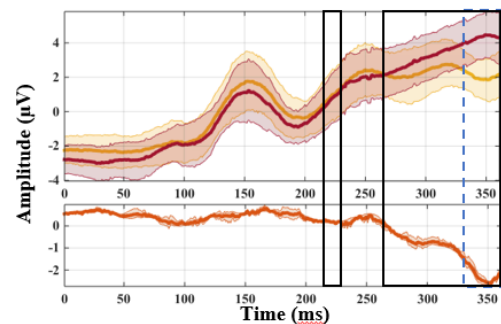


ODD vs GD F-Contrast

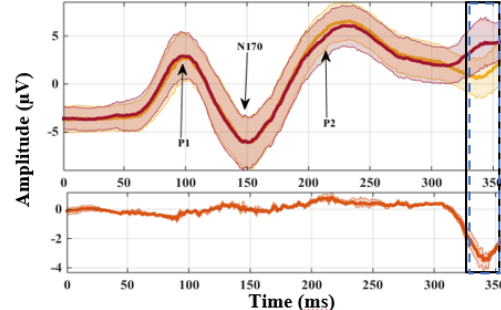
F-Values



ERP and ODD-GD Difference Wave at Pz



ERP and ODD-GD Difference Wave at O1



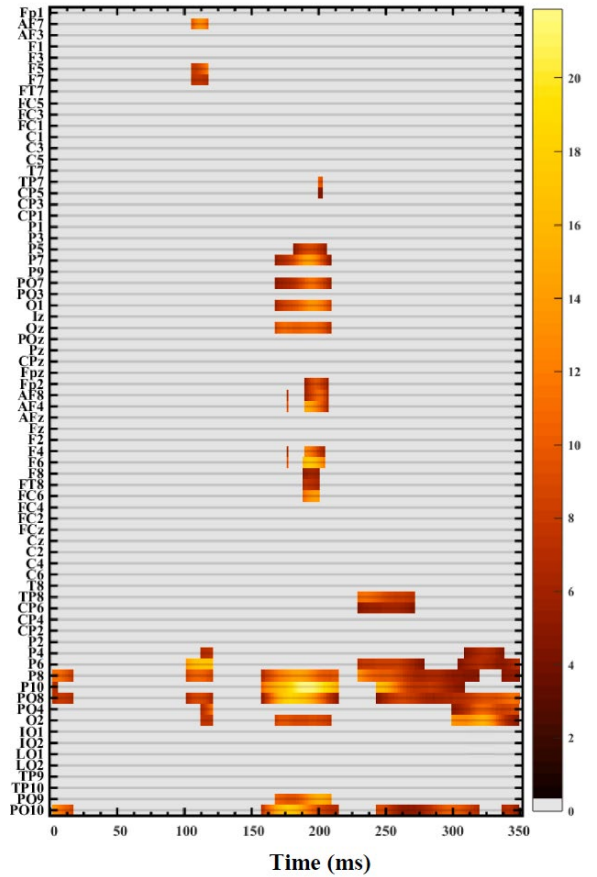
RT: GD << ED

ED-ODD contrast n.s.

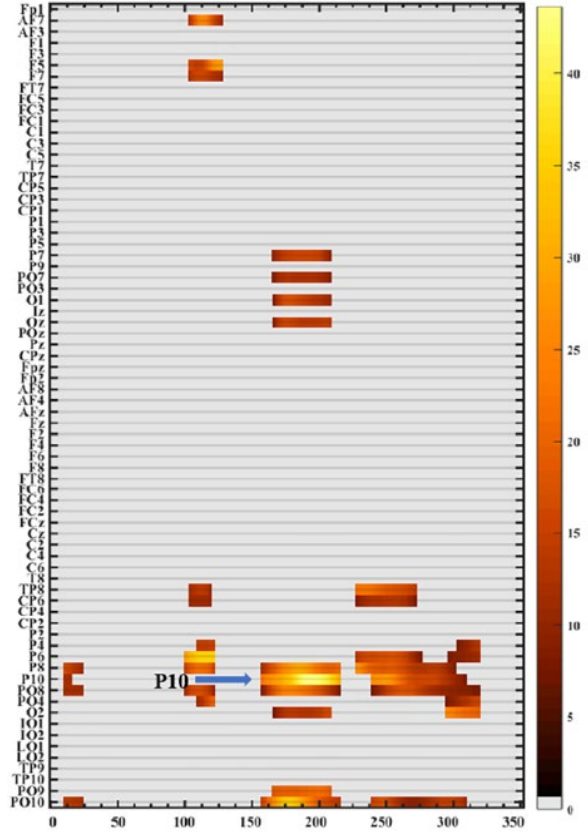
— ED (99% CI)
 — GD (99% CI)
 - - - LIMO significance ($P=0.016$)

Emotion perception – gender, emotion, oddball tasks

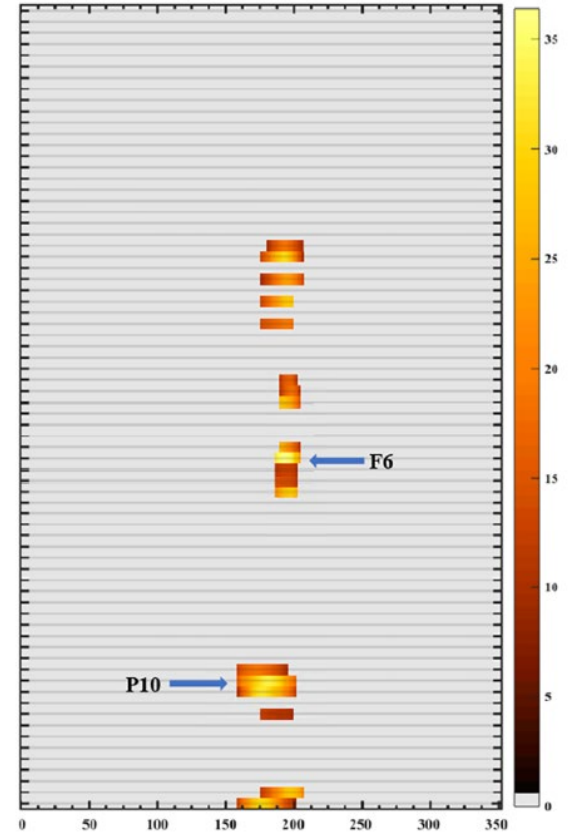
LIMO Emotion Effect



Fear vs Neutral F-Contrast

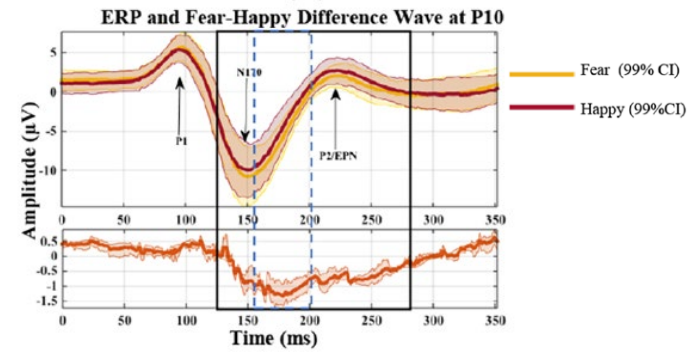
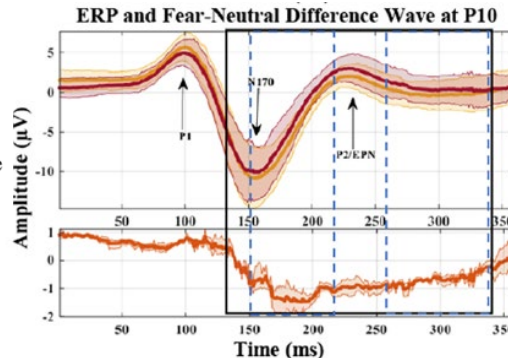


Fear vs Happy F-Contrast

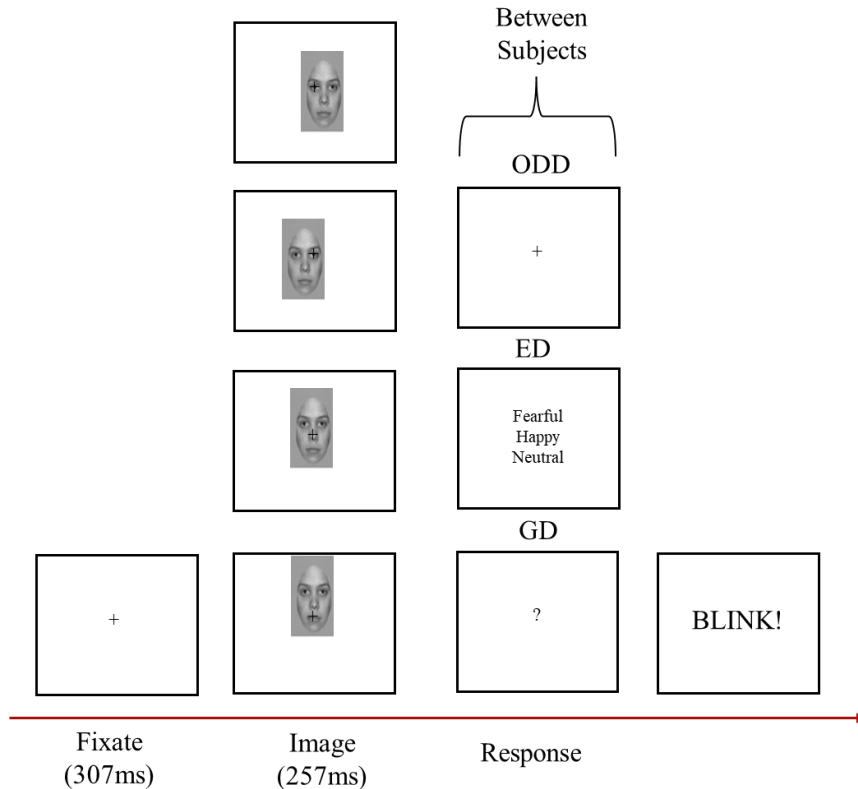


No Task x emotion interaction anywhere!

- Fear (99% CI)
- Neutral (99% CI)
- - - LIMO significance (P=0.016)



Emotion perception – gender, emotion, oddball tasks



N=54 (19 ED, 17 GD, 18 ODD)

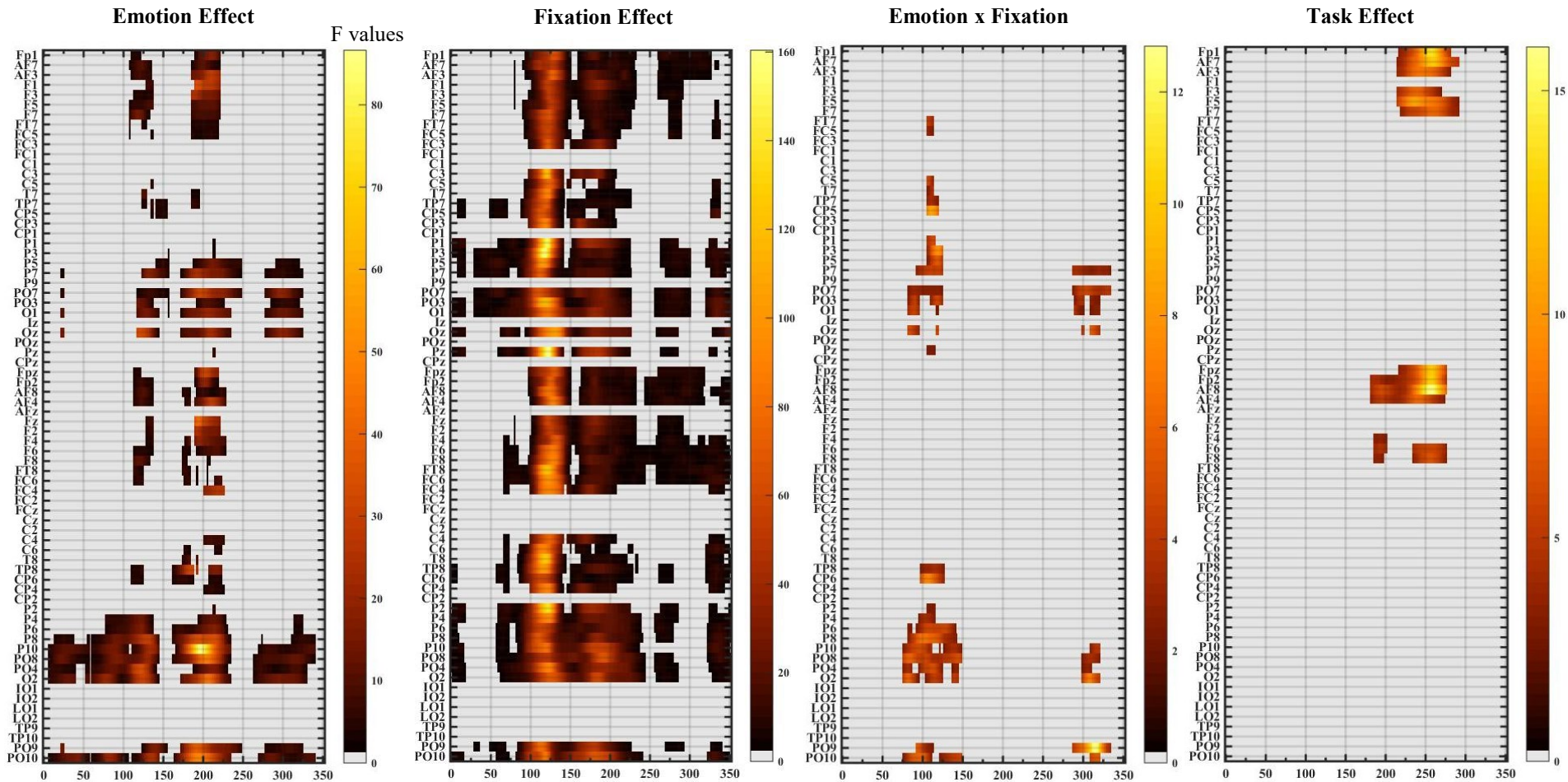
Gaze-contingent presentation (with eye tracker):
left eye, right eye, nose and mouth fixations

80 trials/condition

3 emotion x 4 fixation location x 3 task
mixed model ANOVA in LIMO



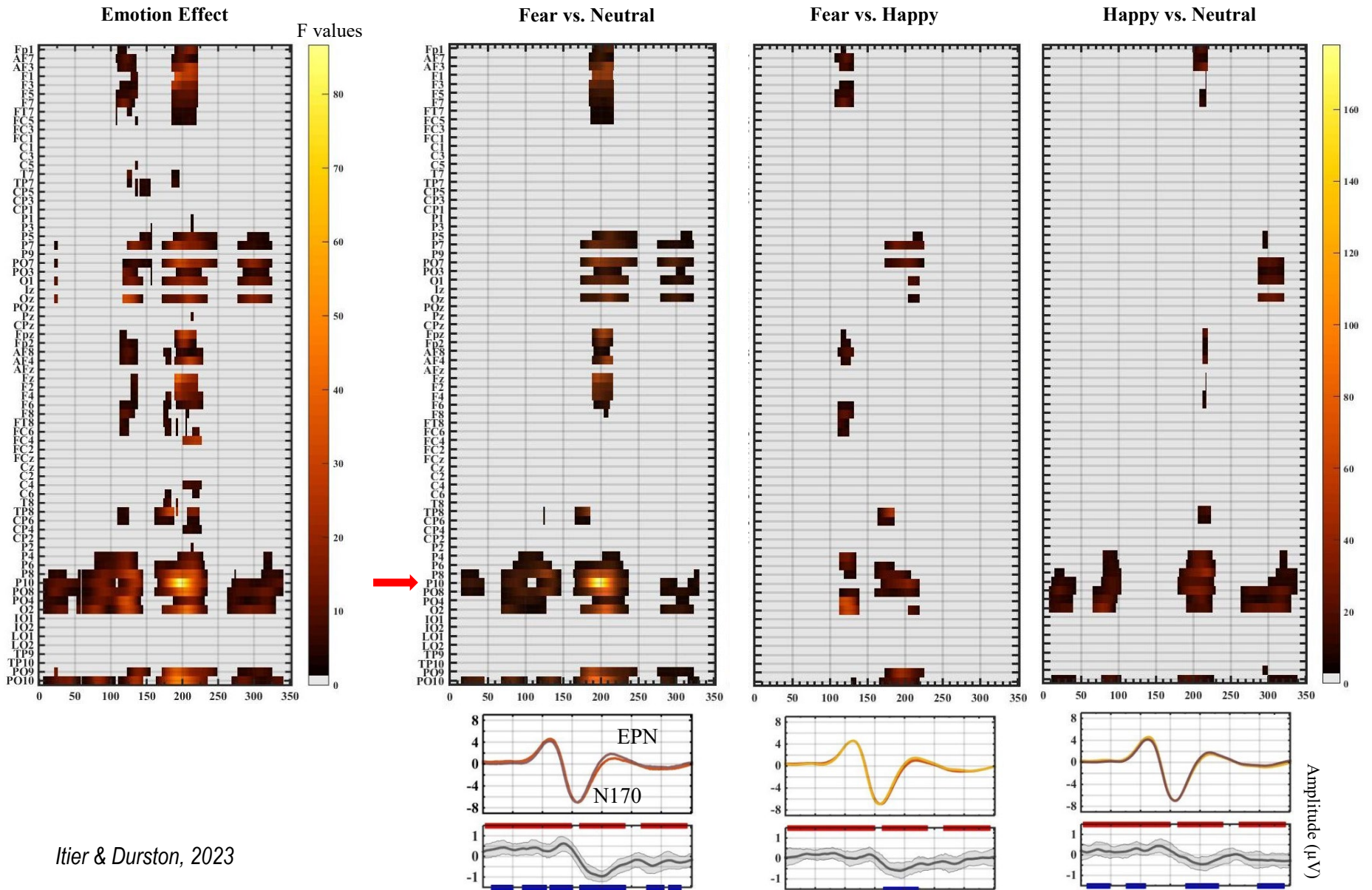
Emotion perception – gender, emotion, oddball tasks



No Task x emotion interaction anywhere!

No Task x emotion x fixation

Emotion perception – gender, emotion, oddball tasks



Thank you!



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