

Expectation-Maximization for Naïve Bayes Use **PENCIL** to do this exercise

You have data from a Naïve Bayes model with $N = 2$ (so there are two binary features, A_1 and A_2 , and one binary class variable C . The structure of the Bayes net is $A_1 \leftarrow C \rightarrow A_2$.

The data is as follows: 10 values for $(A_1, A_2) = (t, t), (t, f), (t, f), (f, f), (t, t), (f, t), (f, f), (t, t), (t, t), (t, t)$. Fill in the values given in class for the initial guess for the parameters of this model:

$$\theta_c = P(C = t) = \square \quad \theta_{11} = P(A_1 = t|C = t) = \square \quad \theta_{10} = P(A_1 = t|C = f) = \square$$

$$\theta_{21} = P(A_2 = t|C = t) = \square \quad \theta_{20} = P(A_2 = t|C = f) = \square$$

First, you will calculate $P(C|A_1, A_2)$ for all possible values of A_1, A_2 and C . Do this by filling in the following table

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
A_1	A_2	C	$P(A_1 C)$	$P(A_2 C)$	$P(C)$	$P(C, A_1, A_2) = 4 \times 5 \times 6$	$P(C A_1, A_2) = \text{normalise 7 over } C$
t	t	t					
t	t	f					
t	f	t					
t	f	f					
f	t	t					
f	t	f					
f	f	t					
f	f	f					

Now, “complete” the table of data below with the values in the table you just filled in.

A_1	A_2	C	$P(C, A_1, A_2)$	$P(C A_1, A_2)$
t	t	t		
t	t	f		
t	f	t		
t	f	f		
t	f	t		
t	f	f		
f	f	t		
f	f	f		
t	t	t		
t	t	f		
f	t	t		
f	t	f		
f	f	t		
f	f	f		
t	t	t		
t	t	f		
t	t	t		
t	t	f		
t	t	t		
t	t	f		
put sum of all rows here:				10

When the sum of all rows in the second-to-last column stops changing, you can stop iterating.

This is

$$\sum_{j=1}^M P(d_j) = \sum_{j=1}^M \sum_c P(c, a_{j1}, a_{j2})$$

Now compute the sum of all the rows in the table above where $C = t$, and divide by the sum of all rows to get

$$\theta_C = \frac{\text{sum of all weights where } C = t}{\text{sum of all weights}} = \text{—————} = \boxed{}$$

Now compute the sum of all the rows in the table above where $C = t$ **AND** $A_1 = t$, to get

$$\theta_{11} = \frac{\text{sum of all weights where } C = t \text{ and } A_1 = t}{\text{sum of all weights where } C = t} = \text{——} = \boxed{}$$

Now compute the sum of all the rows in the table above where $C = f$ **AND** $A_1 = t$, to get

$$\theta_{10} = \frac{\text{sum of all weights where } C = f \text{ and } A_1 = t}{\text{sum of all weights where } C = f} = \text{——} = \boxed{}$$

Now compute the sum of all the rows in the table above where $C = t$ **AND** $A_2 = t$, to get

$$\theta_{21} = \frac{\text{sum of all weights where } C = t \text{ and } A_2 = t}{\text{sum of all weights where } C = t} = \text{——} = \boxed{}$$

Now compute the sum of all the rows in the table above where $C = f$ **AND** $A_2 = t$, to get

$$\theta_{20} = \frac{\text{sum of all weights where } C = f \text{ and } A_2 = t}{\text{sum of all weights where } C = f} = \text{——} = \boxed{}$$

Now, copy the values you just calculated back to the first boxes on the last (the model parameters), and start again. Continue doing this until the sum of all the rows stops changing.