Advice for Finishing that Damn Ph.D.

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August, 2007

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About Asking Famous People

I have noticed many people, particularly students, are scared to ask famous professors questions, particularly about papers the profs have written.

Don't be scared!!

Your questions show

- 1. that you are *interested* in the prof's work, and
- 2. that you have *read* the prof's papers.

Asking, Cont'd

What prof could complain about either of those?

I for one am *really pleased* to see that someone other than the authors, the three referees, the copy editor, and the typesetter has *read* the paper, and has read it closely enough to have questions.

So forget the fame of the prof and just go up and ask or just send e-mail and ask!

Asking, Cont'd

And if you don't get an answer after a week, then send the questions again.

- Important e-mail does get filtered out as potential spam.
- Important e-mail does get lost among all the spam.
- Many profs are just overloaded to the point that their e-mail boxes have become pushdown stacks that never get popped.

Publishing

Go for journals, not conferences, to publish your results. Journals are a lot easier and count more in hiring and promotions. Conferences are very hard, because the committee has to reject 80% of the submissions by a short deadline. The slightest problem with the paper leads to its rejection. In a journal, the same problem would lead to the referee saying, "Accept the paper pending certain revisions."

Publishing, Cont'd

Of course, you may need to have a paper accepted to a conference to get the funds to attend the conference.

Also, it's good to go to conferences

- to learn what is going on in your field and
- to meet your future colleagues and to network.

Publishing, Cont'd

When your paper is rejected, treat all the ignorant remarks from the stupid referees as indications that *you* did not write clearly enough that even *they* would get your point.

Don't take criticism personally; it's criticizing your work, not you. It's criticizing the work, even if they say "You made a MISTAKE! Nya Nya!"

Publishing, Cont'd

Actually, some critics may be personal; there are lots of people with low self-esteem around, who have to put down others. However, you have the choice not to take it personally. You know that you're smart but human, and thus you make occasional mistakes that do not detract from your basic smartness.

Methodological Advice, Cont'd

Procrastination, the ultimate seduction!

The biggest problem with many a person doing research and in particular writing a research paper, such as a Ph.D. thesis, is the lure of the immediate, easily disposed of duties: ...

Methodological Advice, Cont'd

e.g., checking his or her e-mail; replying to important e-mail; browsing the news sites for all places in which he or she has lived; staying ahead of the students in the class he or she is teaching; doing his or her daily errands, including buying food; keeping in touch with his or her family and friends; etc.

Very quickly, the day is over and he or she has done almost nothing towards finishing the research or writing.

The Exams

There are three exams that you will probably have to do,

- 1. the Knowledge Exam, proving that you know the field,
- 2. the Proposal Exam, in which you present the proposal for your Ph.D. research and dissertation, and
- 3. the Defense Exam, in which you defend your Ph.D. dissertation

Knowledge Exam

The knowledge exam is the toughie.

It is where a number of students get flushed out.

This is where you really need to study!

It's a serious exam in all senses of the word!

Don't Fret the Others

Most students fret the proposal exam and the defense exam, but really, these exams are not all that hard.

I have never heard of anyone flushed out in either of these exams; at most you may have to repeat it.

They really should not be called exams, but tradition reigns!

In any case, the proposal exam can and should be used to your benefit.

Proposal Exam

First, the proposal exam is not a real test in the sense of making sure you know your stuff.

At that stage of your career, it is already abundantly clear that you know your stuff. The knowledge exam (or its substitute) proved that!

The issue is whether what you propose to do is enough to warrant getting a Ph.D. if you do what you propose.

Of course, the committee is concerned that you know all the background and previous work relevant to your dissertation topic, but if you have done your homework, you probably know this stuff *more* than any committee member.

You are already one of the world's experts.

Instead of fretting, use the proposal exam to your benefit, to get a commitment from the committee as to

- the scope of your work and
- most importantly, what is required to get the Ph.D.

This is where you try to arrange that a smaller amount of work be accepted as having completed the Ph.D.

This is where you get a commitment that doing an experiment correctly earns you the Ph.D., *regardless* of the conclusions.

This is where you get a commitment that building a prototype of the tool and using it in a substantial case study earns you the Ph.D., regardless of whether or not the tool solves the problem it is supposed to!

Treat the exam as a negotiation; ...

you are trying to minimize your requirements, and ...

they are trying to maximize your requirements.

Defense Exam

Most of all, do not fret the defense exam, ...

if you and your advisor agree that you are ready and that you have met the scope and requirements agreed to at the proposal exam.

Remember, you are the world's expert on the topic, even more than your advisor, and certainly more than any other committee member.

Defense Exam, Cont'd

You should be able to walk circles around any question about the topic thrown at you by any committee member.

So, focus on being relaxed, able to quickly access all that you know, and able to think on your feet.

Go to a good movie the night before, a comedy! (not a horror movie!)