REVOLUTIONIZING TYPOGRAPHY: AI-DRIVEN METHODOLOGIES AND THEIR APPLICATIONS

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Introduction

- * Importance of AI in Typography
 - Enhanced Creativity: AI enables designers to create complex and visually appealing text styles that were previously difficult to achieve.
 - > **Efficiency**: Automates time-consuming tasks such as font synthesis and style transfer.
 - > **Consistency and Quality**: Ensures high-quality output that maintains consistent style and aesthetics.



Introduction

- * Importance of AI in Typography
 - Enhanced Creativity: AI enables designers to create complex and visually appealing text styles that were previously difficult to achieve.
 - > **Efficiency**: Automates time-consuming tasks such as font synthesis and style transfer.
 - > **Consistency and Quality**: Ensures high-quality output that maintains consistent style and aesthetics.

* Objective of the Presentation

- > **Methodology**: Techniques and algorithms developed for AI-driven Typography.
- > **Application**: Practical uses of these methodologies for different types of design.



Presentation Overview

- Methodology
 - * Artistic and Dynamic Style Transfer: Text Style Transfer, Font Style Transfer, and Font Style Interpolation
 - * Semantic Typography
 - ***** User-Driven Typography
- ✤ Applications
 - * Graphic and Visual Design: Text Generation with AI, Logo Design, and Poster Design
 - ***** Scene Text Generation and Manipulation



Methodology



Artistic and Dynamic Style Transfer

Changes the **Style** of a piece of **Text** based on the given Style.

* Text Style Transfer

- ✤ Applying artistic effects and decorative elements to text.
- Examples include adding textures, patterns, and other stylistic modifications to plain text to make it more visually engaging.

* Font Style Transfer

 Transforming the overall style of font characters to create unique, artistic fonts.



(a) input (b) stylistic degree of glyph (c) strength (d) stroke size



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Yang et al. "Controllable Artistic Text Style Transfer via Shape-Matching GAN", ICCV 2019

Lian et al. "EasyFont: A Style Learning-Based System to Easily Build Your Large-Scale Handwriting Fonts", ACM Transactions on Graphic 2018

Artistic and Dynamic Style Transfer

* Font Style Interpolation

- Combines different font styles to create a smooth transition between them
- Useful for creating hybrid fonts that merge characteristics of multiple styles, providing flexibility and variety in font design.

 \mathbf{r}_1

$$^{\mathbb{A}} A \stackrel{\bullet}{\to} A$$

$$\mathcal{A} \stackrel{\bullet}{\to} \mathcal{A}$$

$$\mathcal{A} \stackrel{\bullet}{\to} \mathcal{A}$$

generated



Text Style Transfer - Paper Overview

- * Key Contributions
 - > Novel Shape-Matching GAN Framework
 - Bidirectional shape matching to map styles to glyphs at various deformation levels.
 - Real-time control of stylistic degree via an adjustable parameter.

> Scale-Controllable Module

- Continuous adjustment of glyph deformation.
- Empowers the network to learn multi-scale shape features from style images and transfer them to target text.
- > Real-Time Performance
 - Achieves high-quality, diversified artistic text generation in realtime.

Yang et al. "Controllable Artistic Text Style Transfer via Shape-Matching GAN", ICCV 2019





Text Style Transfer - Paper Overview

Methodology:

- Backward Structure Transfer: Simplifies the style image to various coarse levels, providing robust multi-scale shape mapping for datadriven learning.
- > Forward Structure Transfer: Transfers shape features from the style image to the target text, achieving scale-controllable style transfer.
- Texture Transfer Network: Renders the texture in the style image onto the target text, completing the artistic text stylization process.
 Stage I: Input Preprocessing (Backward Structure Transfer)





Font Style Transfer - Paper Overview

Methodology:

* Stroke Extraction

- > Utilizes a non-rigid point set registration approach to extract stroke trajectories from user-written samples.
- Constructs a font skeleton manifold for reference.

* Handwriting Style Learning

- Uses Artificial Neural Networks (ANNs) to learn stroke shape and layout styles.
- Recovers handwriting details, such as stroke connectivity and contour shapes.

* Handwriting Synthesis

- ➢ Generates new characters by applying learned style to reference data.
- Combines human-written samples with machine-generated characters for better visual quality.



Lian et al. "EasyFont: A Style Learning-Based System to Easily Build Your Large-Scale Handwriting Fonts", ACM Transactions on Graphic 2018



Font Style Transfer - Paper Overview

Dataset Statistics:

* Training Data:

- Small set of carefully-selected samples (as few as 1% of the total characters) written by an ordinary person.
- Includes multiple styles and variations to capture the full range of handwriting characteristics.

* Character Set:

- Chinese characters: GB18030-2000 standard with 27,533 characters.
- Adaptable to other writing systems with large character sets.



Font Style Transfer - Paper Overview

How it works:

- * **Text Segmentation:** Obtain individual character images by segmenting rectified text pictures.
- * **Stroke Extraction:** Extract the writing trajectory of each stroke for every character image.
- **Overall Style Learning:** Employ ANNs to learn the user's overall handwriting style.
- **Details Modeling:** Analyze and describe the connectivity of all sequential stroke pairs and details on the contour for each type of stroke.
- * Handwriting Synthesis: Create trajectory for each character by adding the learned style on reference data and recovering handwriting details.
- * Font Generation: Vectorize images of human-written samples and synthesis results for other characters.





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Lian et al. "EasyFont: A Style Learning-Based System to Easily Build Your Large-Scale Handwriting Fonts", ACM Transactions on Graphic 2018

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Font Style Interpolation - Paper Overview

Methodology:

- * Conditional Diffusion Model
 - > Uses a U-Net architecture for denoising, conditioned on character class and style vector.
 - > Generates character images by iteratively denoising from random noise.
- * Interpolation Approaches
 - > Image-Blending
 - Blends two character images using pixel-wise operations.
 - Generates a realistic image from the blended input during denoising.
 - > Condition-Blending
 - Blends style feature vectors from two reference images.
 - Generates intermediate styles by interpolating style condition vectors.
 - > Noise-Blending
 - Blends estimated noise images for two styles during the denoising process.
 - Affects the final generated image by merging styles at the noise level.

Kondo et al. "Font Style Interpolation with Diffusion Models", arXiv 2024















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Font Style Interpolation - Paper Overview

Dataset Statistics:

> MyFonts Dataset:

- 17,412 fonts split into 13,938 training fonts, 1,734 validation fonts, and 1,740 test fonts.
- Diverse styles including standard and decorative fonts.

> GoogleFonts Dataset:

- Additional test set with less style diversity.
- 2,545 fonts categorized into Serif, Sans-serif, Handwriting, and Display.
- Includes font families with different weights (e.g., light, medium, bold).



Font Style Interpolation - Paper Overview

Font Interpolation Examples

r_1	A	B	С	D	Α	В	С	D	А	В	С	D	A	В	С	D
r ₂	А	B	C	D	R	В	С	D	а	B	С	D	A	B	C	D
(a) Image-blending	Å	₿	C	Ð	A	B	C	D	Å	B	C	D	A	B	C	D
(b) Condition-blending	A	В	С	D	A	В	٢	D	A	В	С	D		B	C	
(c) Noise-blending	A	В	С	Д	Ħ	В	C	D	A	B	С	D		B	C	
FANnet	A	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D	Λ	В	С	D	A	B	С	D
	Random pair1			Ra	Random pair2				Random pair3				Random pair4			

Kondo et al. "Font Style Interpolation with Diffusion Models", arXiv 2024

Semantic Typography

What is it?

- **Definition**:
 - Semantic Typography integrates semantic understanding with typography design, allowing text to reflect its meaning and context visually.
- Purpose:
 - Enhance the expressiveness and functionality of text through intelligent and context-aware design.



Tanveer et al. "DS-Fusion: Artistic Typography via Discriminated and Stylized Diffusion", ICCV 2023



Semantic Typography - Paper Overview

Methodology:

* Latent Diffusion Model

- Utilizes a denoising generator to construct the latent space of given styles.
- > Encoder-decoder architecture conditioned on text prompts.
- Gaussian noise applied to style images, denoised to produce the stylized glyph.

* CNN-Based Discriminator

- > Distinguishes between real and fake glyphs.
- Ensures the stylized output retains the structure of the original font.
- > Loss Function: Combines diffusion loss and discriminator loss.







Semantic Typography – Paper Overview

Dataset Statistics:

* Font Datasets

- > Variety of fonts collected from online repositories.
- > Includes serif, sans-serif, script, and decorative fonts.
- > Total of 50,000 font styles with diverse design characteristics.

* Style Images

- > Thousands of style images sourced from digital art databases.
- > Includes textures, patterns, and artistic elements.



Tanveer et al. "DS-Fusion: Artistic Typography via Discriminated and Stylized Diffusion", ICCV 2023



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Semantic Typography

Impact on Typography

- * Enhanced Creativity
 - > Artistic Expression:
 - Enables designers to explore new creative horizons.
 - Facilitates the generation of unique and visually appealing typographic styles.
 - > **Customization**: Allows for personalized font creation, catering to specific aesthetic preferences and branding needs.

* Improved Readability and Semantics

- > Legibility: Balances artistic stylization with readability, ensuring text remains clear and comprehensible.
- > Semantic Relevance: Incorporates semantic understanding to align visual style with the meaning and context of the text.
- * Broad Applicability
 - > Advertising and Branding: Provides tools for creating eye-catching and memorable typographic designs.
 - > Digital Art and Media: Enhances the visual impact of digital art, posters, and multimedia content.

User-Driven Typography

Characteristics:

* Active User Participation:

- > Users are directly involved in decision-making processes.
- They contribute ideas, preferences, and feedback throughout the design lifecycle.

	Pipeline Designer
1	Pipeline Designer Style/ Purpose/Emotion
	nstruction: Generate WordArt for giving Text "World Peace" [Instruction Form User]
Pro	pgram:
	<pre>prompt= World Peace')</pre>
[2	:GLYPH0=GLYPHDESIGNER(
	<pre>text='World Peace ',prompt=PROMPT0)</pre>
[3	:WORDART=TEXTUREDESIGNER(
	glyph=GLYPH0,prompt=PROMPT1)
i v	P_pip:[<prompt "what="" :="" objects="" represents<br="">"World Peace" user prefer cartoon style">,]</prompt>

He et al. "MetaDesigner: Advancing Artistic Typography through AI-Driven, User-Centric, and Multilingual WordArt Synthesis", arXiv 2024



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* Dynamic Interaction:

- > Continuous interaction between designers and users.
- > Frequent iterations based on user feedback to refine the design.

He et al. "MetaDesigner: Advancing Artistic Typography through AI-Driven, User-Centric, and Multilingual WordArt Synthesis", arXiv 2024





User-Driven Typography

Methodology Framework:

- * Pipeline Designer:
 - > Transforms user prompts into structured tasks for the Glyph and Texture Designers.
 - > Uses GPT-4 for prompt extension and feedback integration.

* Glyph Designer:

- Generates diverse glyph types (Normal, Traditional, Semantic) based on user inputs.
- > Ensures readability and context-appropriateness of the glyphs.

* Texture Designer:

- > Enhances glyphs with various texture styles using a Tree-of-Thought (ToT) model selection framework.
- > Integrates user feedback to refine texture designs.
- * Q&A Evaluation Agent:
 - > Iteratively refines the output based on multimodal and user feedback.
 - > Adjusts hyperparameters to align with user-defined stylistic and thematic preferences.







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He et al. "MetaDesigner: Advancing Artistic Typography through AI-Driven, User-Centric, and Multilingual WordArt Synthesis", arXiv 2024

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User-Driven Typography

Examples



He et al. "MetaDesigner: Advancing Artistic Typography through AI-Driven, User-Centric, and Multilingual WordArt Synthesis", arXiv 2024



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Applications



Graphic and Visual Design

Objective: Enhance graphic and visual design by leveraging AI-driven typography techniques.

Significance: Enables the creation of visually appealing and personalized designs.

Key Applications:

- * Logo Design: Creating Semantic Typographic Logos
 - Uses AI to generate logos that convey the semantic meaning of the brand or message.





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Key Applications:

- * Logo Design: Creating Semantic Typographic Logos
 - Uses AI to generate logos that convey the semantic meaning of the brand or message.
- ✤ Poster Design: Multimodal Text Image Generation
 - Integrates visual harmony and text comprehension to create visually appealing posters.

Xiao et al. "TypeDance: Creating Semantic Typographic Logos from Image through Personalized Generation", CHI 2024 Gao et al. "TextPainter: Multimodal Text Image Generation with Visual-harmony and Text-comprehension for Poster Design", MM 2023







Graphic and Visual Design

- * Visual Text Generation: Enhancing Text Rendering
 - Leverages language models to render text with enhanced visual appeal and context.
- * Applications
 - > Branding and Advertising: Custom logos and advertisements that stand out and effectively communicate the brand's message.
 - Digital Media and Art: Creating posters, digital art, and multimedia content with visually integrated and stylistically rich text.





Logo Design

Model and Generation Process:

* Architecture

- Utilizes a diffusion model that combines image-to-image translation with text generation.
- Integrates semantic understanding to align typeface with imagery.

* Components

- > Encoder-Decoder Network: Encodes the input image and decodes it into typographic elements.
- StyleGAN: Applies stylistic transformations to blend text and image elements.
- Attention Mechanism: Ensures the text integrates naturally with the image background.



Xiao et al. "TypeDance: Creating Semantic Typographic Logos from Image through Personalized Generation", CHI 2024



Poster Design

* Model

> Architecture

• Based on StyleGAN, incorporates glyph and style encoders.

Components

- **Glyph Encoder**: Encodes text glyph features.
- **Color Style Encoder**: Extracts local and global color styles from the poster background.
- **CLIP Text Encoder**: Encodes text semantics at sentence and word levels.
- **Fusion Module**: Merges visual and semantic features.
- **Generator**: Generates text images that harmonize with the poster background.



Gao et al. "TextPainter: Multimodal Text Image Generation with Visual-harmony and Text-comprehension for Poster Design", MM 2023



Poster Design

* Generation Process

> Input

• User provides the poster background image, text content, and text position.

> Local and Global Color Harmony

• Color style encoder extracts style information from the poster background.

> Visual and Textual Fusion

- CLIP text encoder extracts semantic features from the text.
- Fusion module integrates these features with visual elements.

> Text Image Generation

 Generator produces the final text image, ensuring visual harmony and semantic relevance.

Gao et al. "TextPainter: Multimodal Text Image Generation with Visual-harmony and Text-comprehension for Poster Design", MM 2023



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Visual Text Generation

- * Model:
 - > Architecture
 - Combines a fine-tuned large language model (LLM) with a diffusion model.
 - Components
 - Layout Planning: LLM plans text.
 - **Layout Encoding**: LLM encodes text position and content at the line level within the diffusion model.
- * Generation Process
 - > **Input:** User provides a text prompt and optionally keywords.
 - Layout Planning: LLM infers or uses provided keywords to determine text layout.
 - > **Layout Encoding**: LLM encodes text layout into a format suitable for the diffusion model.
 - > **Image Generation**: Diffusion model generates the final image with integrated text based on the encoded layout.

Chen et al. "TextDiffuser-2: Unleashing the Power of Language Models for Text Rendering", arXiv 2023





The handwritten words Hello World displayed on a wall in a neon light effect

A logo of Winter in artistic font, made by snowflake



Scene Text Generation and Manipulation

- * **Definition:** Creating and modifying text within images to appear naturally integrated into various backgrounds.
- * **Application:** Digital media, advertising, augmented reality, and multilingual text rendering.



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Santoso et al. "On Manipulating Scene Text in the Wild with Diffusion Models", WACV 2024 Zhang et al. "Brush Your Text: Synthesize Any Scene Text on Images via Diffusion Model", AAAI 2024



Scene Text Generation and Manipulation

Methodology:

* Input Processing

- > Text is rendered into a sketch image and edge map.
- > Textual description of the scene is encoded as a prompt.

* Diffusion Model

> Uses a Latent Diffusion Model (LDM) for denoising and image generation.

* One-Shot Style Adaptation

> Fine-tunes the diffusion model to maintain the source style on the edited text.

* Text Recognition Guidance

> Uses a text recognition model to guide the diffusion process, ensuring accuracy and readability.





Scene Text Generation and Manipulation



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Conclusion

Key Insights

* Advancements in AI-Driven Typography

- > AI models, such as diffusion models and GANs, significantly improve the creativity and functionality of text and font generation.
- > Integration of user inputs and preferences enhances personalization and engagement in design processes.

* Impact on Visual Communication

- > AI-driven techniques facilitate the creation of visually appealing and contextually relevant designs.
- > Applications span across branding, digital media, advertising, and educational content, offering versatile tools for designers.

***** Future Directions

- Continued development in AI and machine learning will further refine and expand the capabilities of typography and visual design tools.
- > Potential for more interactive and user-friendly design platforms, leveraging real-time feedback and advanced semantic understanding.



Thank you! Any Questions?

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