#### Finite State Machines

#### Dr. Carmen Bruni cbruni@uwaterloo.ca

David R. Cheriton School of Computer Science University of Waterloo https://cs.uwaterloo.ca/~cbruni/ With thanks to Troy Vasiga troy.vasiga@uwaterloo.ca

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## A Puzzle - The Wolf Cabbage and Goat problem

You can play this on the *River Tests* app or at the link below (change cabbage to carrot):

https://www.transum.org/software/River\_Crossing/



## Solution

## What does this have to do with computer science?

Let's try to represent this using a diagram.

#### Finite State Machines

- You've just created your first finite state machine!
- But what does this have to do with computer science?
- ... and what really is a finite state machine?

#### Finite State Machines

Finite state machines model...

- ...what we know about the world
- ...what changes in our world with input

#### Examples of Finite State Machines

## Finite State Machine Definition

- A finite state machine consists of:
  - A finite set of states
  - A finite set of characters belonging to an alphabet
  - Transitions between states using the elements of the alphabet
  - A starting state
  - An accepting state (could be 0, 1, or many such states)

#### What is a state?

A description of what we know:

#### What is Input? First Alphabets!

An alphabet is a finite set of symbols

- Alphabets usually denoted by Σ (subscripted if there are multiple alphabets).
- Examples:

• 
$$\Sigma_1 = \{0, 1\}$$

• 
$$\Sigma_2 = \{a, b, ..., z\}$$

• 
$$\Sigma_3 = \{happy, t, \widehat{+}\}$$

#### What is Input?

Consists of elements from our alphabet. Comprise our transitions. Let  $\Sigma = \{ bad mark, stub toe, free pie, clap your hands \}.$ 

# What is a Starting State?

Where to begin

## **Final Accepting States**

How do we know what is accepted/good?

### Words

A **word** consists of a finite sequence of symbols from our finite alphabet.

Special word  $\lambda$  is the *empty word*.

Recall: 
$$\Sigma_1 = \{0,1\}$$
,  $\Sigma_2 = \{a, b, ..., z\}$ ,  $\Sigma_3 = \{happy, t, \clubsuit\}$ 

#### Example

What words do the following FSM accept over the alphabet  $\Sigma=\{0,1\}?$  Can we characterize these words nicely?



## Regular Expressions

We can express the collection of words accepted by the machine on the previous slide as  $01^*00$ .

## Regular Expressions Examples

(*ab*)\*

 $(a|b)^*$ 

#### Another Example

Write an FSM that accepts all words over  $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$  that contain the word *abc* inside.

## DFA

## NFA

# $\lambda$ NFA

What about a FSM that accepts words of the form  $((a^*b^*)|(ab)^*)$ ?

**Reminder:** Concatenation has precedence before alternation - similar to how multiplication has precedence over addition. **Hint:** Think of  $\lambda$  as the glue that glues machines together!

## $\lambda$ NFA Solution

## Summary

- Finite state machines helps us to model the world.
- Consist of states and transitions between them.
- Collections of words accepted by a DFA/NFA/λ-NFA can be written using a regular expression (This isn't obvious but is true!)