VectorCDC: Accelerating Data Deduplication with Vector Instructions

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Introduction

- Data explosion
 - Global data production expected to exceed 180 ZB by 2025^[1]
 - Cloud storage providers

- Mechanisms
 - Distributed file systems ^[2]
 - Storage Architectures [3]
 - Data Deduplication ^[4]

[1] Arne Holst. Volume of data/information created, captured, copied, and consumed worldwide from 2010 to 2025. Statista, 2021.
[2] Sanjay Ghemawat et al. The Google File System. SIGOPS Oper. Syst, 2003.
[3] Peter M Chen et al. RAID: High-performance, reliable secondary storage. ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR), 1994.

[4] Nagapramod Mandagere et al.. *Demystifying data deduplication*. ACM/IFIP/USENIX Middleware'08 Conference, 2008





Introduction

- Data Deduplication ^[5]
 - Identify and eliminate duplicate data
- Deduplication Overview
 - File Chunking and Hashing
 - Fingerprint Comparison
 - Data Storage
- Content-Defined Chunking (CDC) ^[6]
 - Hash-based and Hashless

 $\label{eq:constraint} [5] \ \mbox{Dutch T Meyer et al.} A study of practical deduplication. \ \mbox{ACM Transactions on Storage (ToS), 2012.}$

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Client 2



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Client 2

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Motivation - Vector Accelerated CDC

- CDC is computationally intensive
 - Idea: Accelerate with SIMD (AVX / SSE) CPU instructions

- Existing approaches
 - SS-CDC ^[8]
 - Low speedups despite using AVX-512 instructions

■ CRC ■ SS-CRC ■ Gear ■ SS-Gear **1.2x** – **1.8x** speedup 1.5 1 0.5 GB/s8KB 16KB 4KB

(a) Chunking Speeds on Random Data



[8] Fan Ni et al. SS-CDC: A two-stage parallel content-defined chunking for deduplicating backup storage. SYSTOR, 2019.





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VectorCDC

- New vector acceleration method for hashless CDC
 - Use AVX-friendly tree-based search and packed scanning
 - Compatible with a wide range of existing hashless CDC
 - 21x higher throughput over SS-CDC
 - No impact on deduplication space savings



Outline

- Introduction
- Background
 - Hashless CDC
 - Vector Instructions
- Design
- Evaluation
- Conclusion



- Hashless CDC
 - AE ^[7]
 - RAM ^[9]
 - MAXP [10]



File

RAM^[9]

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[9] Ryan Widodo et al. A new content-defined chunking algorithm for data deduplication in cloud storage. Future Generation Computer Systems, 2017

[10] Nikolaj Bjørner et al. Content-dependent chunking for differential compression, the local maximum approach. Journal of Computer and System Sciences, 2010



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Background - Vector Instructions

- Special CPU instructions with SIMD capabilities [11]
 - Used in math / multimedia applications
- Vector registers
 - 128 512 bits (16 64 bytes) wide
 - SSE-128
 - AVX-256
 - AVX-512





[11] James Smith et al. Vector instruction set support for conditional operations. ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News, 2000

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VectorCDC Design

- Identify common phases among all hashless CDC algorithms
 - Extreme Byte Search
 - Range Scan
- Extreme Byte Search
 - Accelerate with novel tree-based search
 - Takes advantage of pipelining



Fixed Size Window

Extreme Byte Search for maximum value



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Accelerating RAM with VectorCDC



Fixed Size Window

Extreme Byte Search



Fixed Size Window

Range Scan



[9] Ryan Widodo et al. A new content-defined chunking algorithm for data deduplication in cloud storage. Future Generation Computer Systems, 2017

Evaluation





Metrics

Space Savings

Speed / Throughput

Backward Compatibility



Alternatives

HashlessHash-basedAE [7]FastCDC [13]RAM [9]Rabin's Chunking [6]SS-CDC [8]TTTD [12]

[6] Athicha Muthitacharoen et al. A low-bandwidth network file system. SOSP, 2001.

[7] Yucheng Zhang et al. AE: An asymmetric extremum content defined chunking algorithm for fast and bandwidth-efficient data deduplication. INFOCOM, 2015.

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[9] Ryan NS Widodo et al. A new content-defined chunking algorithm for data deduplication in cloud storage. Future Generation Computer Systems, 2017.

[12] Kave Eshghi et al. A framework for analyzing and improving content-based chunking algorithms. Hewlett-Packard Labs Technical Report, 2005

[13] Wen Xia et al. FastCDC: A fast and efficient content-defined chunking approach for data deduplication. USENIX ATC, 2016.

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Chunking Throughput

Configuration: 8 KB chunks

1. VRAM is 12-15x faster than alternatives!



Speedups

2. VectorCDC achieves higher speedups than SS-CDC!



Summary

- Data deduplication is used to improve storage efficiency
 - Content-defined chunking algorithms critical to system performance
- VectorCDC
 - Redesign hashless CDC with SSE/AVX-friendly techniques
 - **21x** higher throughput than state-of-the-art vector accelerated CDC
 - No negative space savings impact
- Code: <u>https://github.com/UWASL/dedup-bench</u>







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