

Material and some slide content from:

- Emerson Murphy-Hill
- Software Architecture: Foundations, Theory, and Practice
- Essential Software Architecture

SE2: Introduction to Software Architecture

Reid Holmes

Course Objectives

By the end of the course you will be able to:

- **propose** and **analyze** software architectures
- **explain** the strengths and weaknesses of various architectural styles and design techniques
- **communicate** and **rationalize** architectural and design decisions
- **ideate**, **justify**, and **implement** software designs
- **evaluate** different architectures and designs

Project

Group organization

Project proposal

Next Friday's tutorial

Group Organization

Project Proposal

- ▶ Due September 20 @ 0800
- ▶ See course web page for complete requirements.



Project Proposals

All SE2 Teams

RendezVous



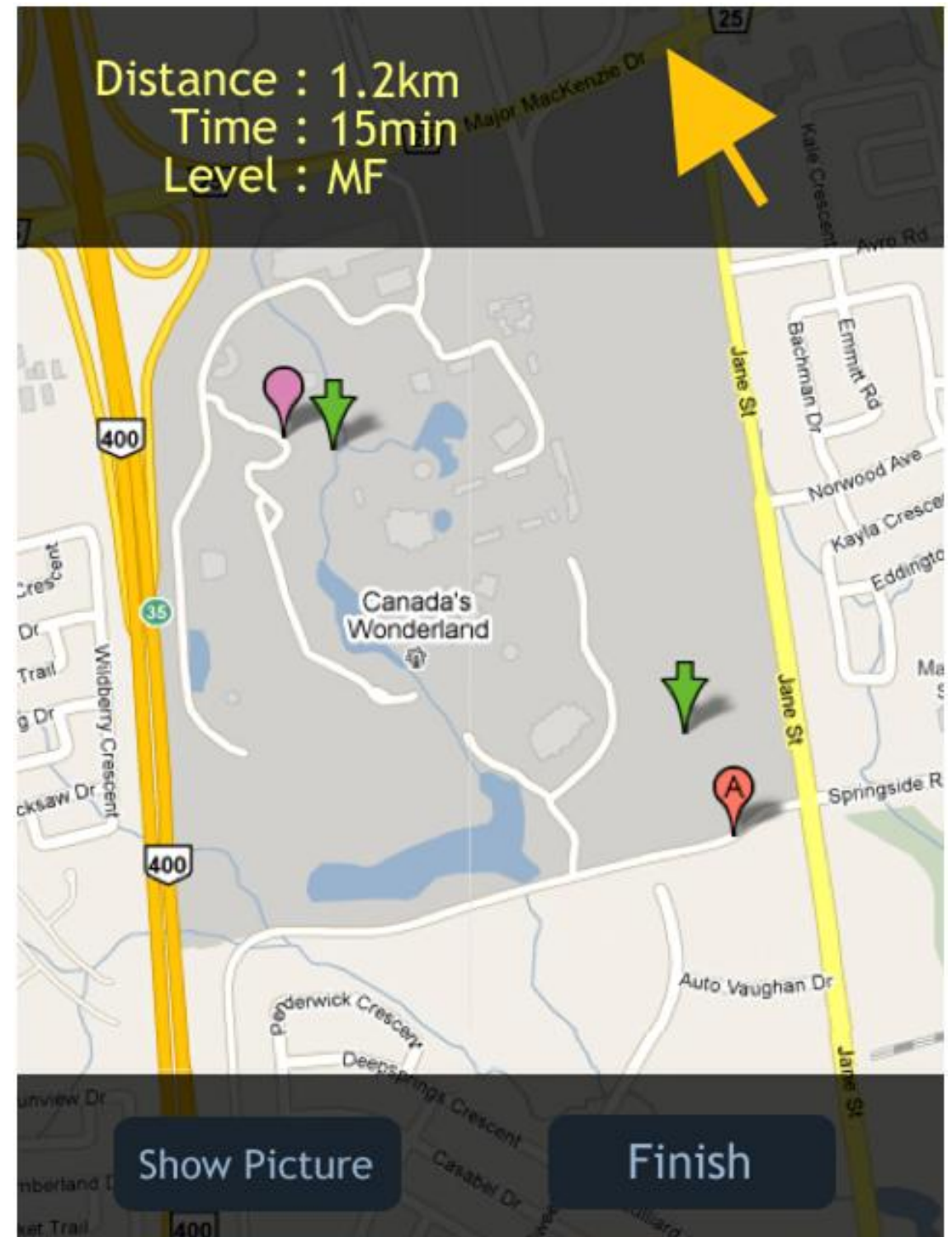
Set Location

Set Image

Set Alarm

Start

Reset



Project Title: To develop a Waterloo guide
mobile application (multiple platforms)
using GWT (K-W maps).

Group Name: LTZ

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CS Advisor Appointment System

Team Legendary Apps





Always Fresh
TimHortons.com

Event Chimp for Facebook





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Road Trip

Friday Sept 23 Tutorial

- ▶ By the **end of Friday Sept 23** these should work:
 - ▶ Basic GWT project: [\[instructions\]](#)
 - ▶ Interesting GWT project: [\[instructions\]](#)
- ▶ GWT Overview Video [\[link\]](#)
- ▶ GWT v2 Overview [\[link\]](#)
- ▶ Great starting tutorial [\[link\]](#)
- ▶ Good overview slides [\[link\]](#)
- ▶ Some Resources:
 - ▶ GWT Widgets [\[link\]](#)
 - ▶ GWT Panels [\[link\]](#)
 - ▶ GWT Examples [\[link\]](#)

Architecture

- ▶ Architecture is:
 - ▶ All about communication.
 - ▶ What ‘parts’ are there?
 - ▶ How do the ‘parts’ fit together?
- ▶ Architecture is not:
 - ▶ About development.
 - ▶ About algorithms.
 - ▶ About data structures.

What is Software Architecture?

- ▶ The conceptual fabric that defines a system
 - ▶ All architecture is design but not all design is architecture.
- ▶ Architecture focuses on those aspects of a system that would be difficult to change once the system is built.
- ▶ Architectures capture three primary dimensions:
 - ▶ Structure
 - ▶ Communication
 - ▶ Nonfunctional requirements

Structural example

Non-functional requirements

- ▶ Technical constraints: restrictions made for technical reasons
- ▶ Business constraints: restrictions made for business reasons
- ▶ Quality attributes: e.g., the *'ilities'*
 - ▶ Scalability
 - ▶ Security
 - ▶ Performance
 - ▶ Maintainability
 - ▶ Evolvability
 - ▶ Reliability/Dependability
 - ▶ Deployability

SEI

“The software architecture of a program or computing system is the **structure** or structures of the system, which comprise software **elements**, the externally visible **properties** of those elements, and the **relationships** among them.

ANSI/IEEE 1471-2000

“Architecture is the **fundamental organization** of a system, embodied in its **components**, their **relationships** to each other and the environment, and the principles governing its design and evolution”

Eoin Woods

“Software architecture is the set of **design decisions** which, if made incorrectly, may cause you project to be cancelled.”

Philippe Krutchen

“The life of a software architect is **long** (and sometimes painful) succession of **sub-optimal** decisions made partly in the **dark**.”

WWW Example

WWW Example

WWW Example

Activity

- ▶ Architect a kitchen
 - ▶ What are the high-level requirements?
 - ▶ What systems are involved?
 - ▶ What properties do the systems have?
 - ▶ How do they interact?
 - ▶ How is the kitchen used?

Kitchen Architecture Discussion

- ▶ What are the components?
- ▶ What are their properties?
- ▶ What are their relationships?
- ▶ Present and critique design alternatives.

Upcoming Deadlines

Project proposal.

Pass/fail.

0800 Tuesday Sept 20.

Email [rth.se2@gmail](mailto:rth.se2@gmail.com)

Full description on course web page.